

Product Lifecycle Management strategy and vision

Milan EDL

Проект "Развитие международного сотрудничества с украинскими ВУЗами в областях качества, энергетики и транспорта"

г. Харьков, 11/2018



Product

- The product is anything that can be offered on the market to meet the needs and wishes of the customer, this means that no products can not meet the needs of the customer.
- The marketing concept is not understood only as a product subject to its primary destination, but as a subject that contributes to satisfy customer needs.



Products can be

- material nature (e.g. engine, car, plane, ...)
- service (e.g. the hospitality, rental ...)
- thoughts (e.g. algorithm design, ...)
- person (e.g. a particular person ...)
- place (e.g. a particular place, ...)



- very often the idea of creating a product is that product management for end "gates" of the company, ie. from idea, product development to manufacturing and shipping to the customer
- management product continues through service to dispose of the product



- Product Lifecycle Management
- 產品 生命 週期 管理
- Управління життєвим циклом продукту
- 제품 수명 주기 관리
- Zarządzania cycle życia product
- 製品ライフサイクル管理
- Үправления жизненным циклом изделия



- PLM the management process of "life" of a product, from concept through production and service to disposal.
- PLM It is an information strategy.
- PLM the company's strategy.
- PLM integrates people, data, processes, systems management technology.
- PLM integrate systems, processes and tools for dealing with the implementation of new / innovative product.

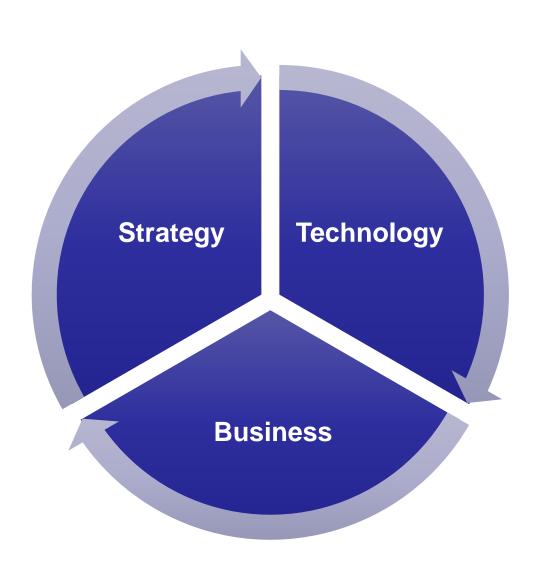






- A very important aspect of the entire PLM is the need for teamwork and integration of systems, tools and processes in the company and its surroundings, especially in digital form.
- As already described, product management throughout the lifecycle integration is very heterogeneous processes, which are implemented by a team of people at different levels of the company and the relatively long period of time.





FAKULTA STROJNÍ ZÁPADOČESKÉ UNIVERZITY V PLZNI

Views to PLM

- view in terms of marketing,
- view in terms of life of a product,
- view in terms of the place of realisation of individual products,
- view in terms of individual transformation processes,
- view in terms of the impact of the product on the environment,
- integrated view of the product life cycle.



View in terms of marketing

- development phase
- commissioning phase
- growth phase
- saturation phase
- phase decline



Phase developments

- initial idea
- product design
- high cost
- large influence future product
- zero sale



Phase introduction

- launch product sales
- first earnings
- the key is to create fees
- price may be higher soon



Phase growth

- incomes rise
- focus on increasing market share
- differentiation from competitors



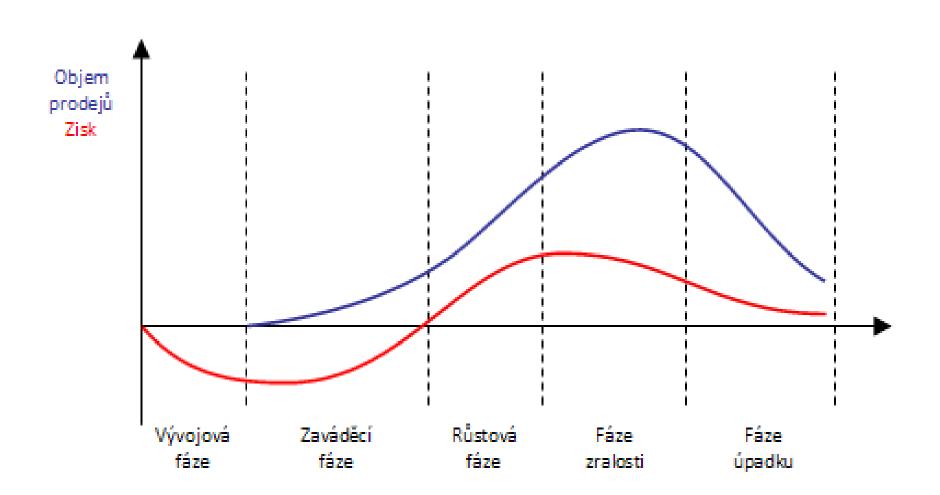
Phase saturation

- market share at the highest level
- growth stops
- period of greatest gains
- gradually declining profit



Phase decline

- decisions about product download
- must be tackled warranty products sold

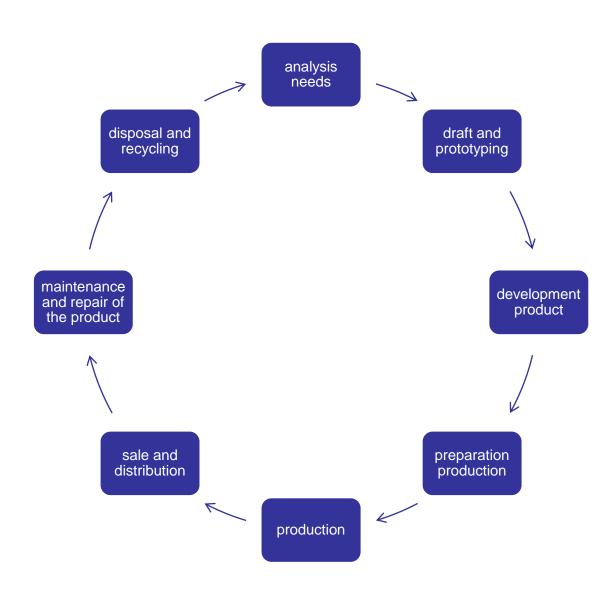




PLM terms of service life of a single product

- analysis needs,
- draft and prototyping.
- development product,
- preparation production,
- production.
- sale and distribution,
- maintenance and repair of the product,
- disposal and recycling.



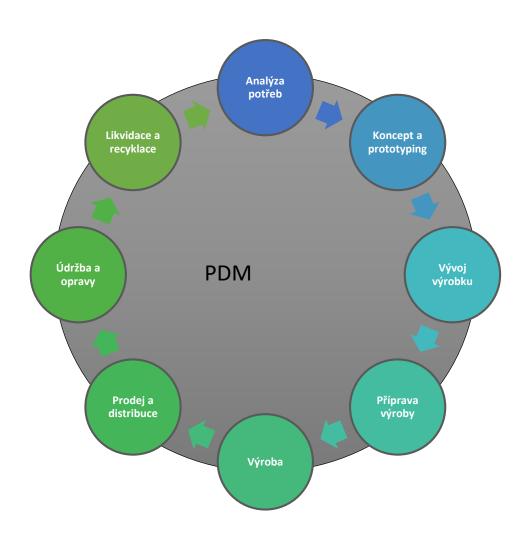


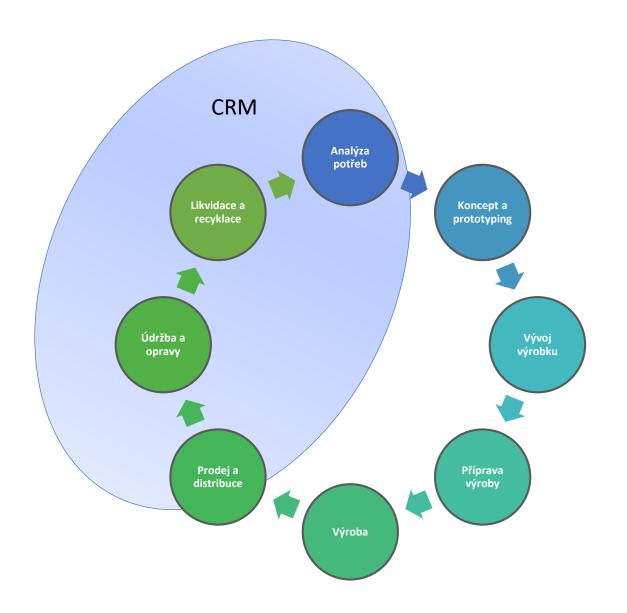


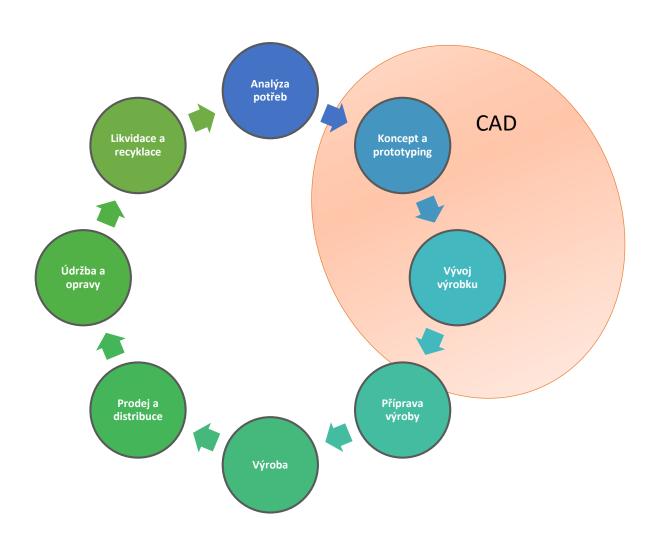
- CAD (Computer Aided Design) it can be called a tool that allows you to create the concept, design, and product design, ie. Computer-aided designing new, but innovative product.
- CAM (Computer Aided Manufacturing) can be characterized as tools for computer-aided manufacturing, ie. Tools to help prepare and validate various technological operations where the essential characteristic for PLM is taking over neprojektovaných drawings from CAD tools.
- CAQ (Computer Aided Quality) can be determined as tools to promote quality management, ie. A tool that is used to support (data collection, data processing, data analysis), workplace inspections, it is also can be understood as a system enabling proper and timely circulation of documents in the company.

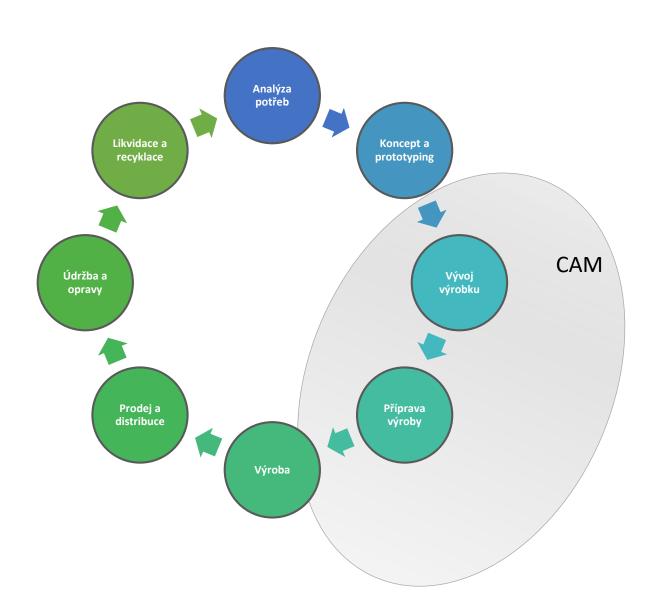


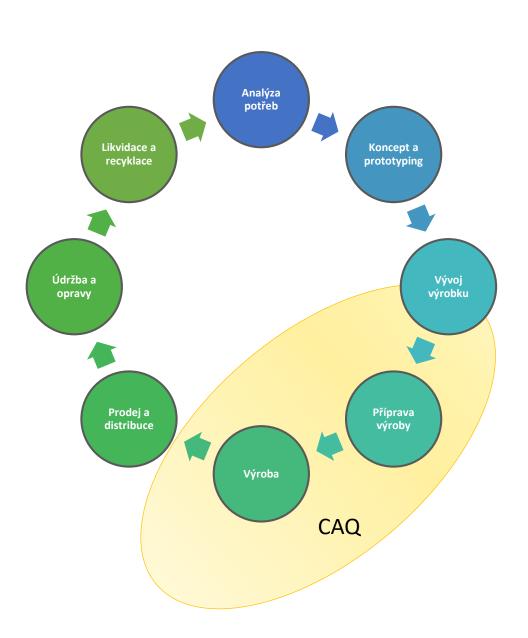
- **PDM (Product Data Management)** it can be called a tool that lets you manage product data, ie. Allows you to manage, communicate, share, synchronize, archive and analyze data about products throughout their life cycle within the enterprise or business networks.
- **CRM (Customer Relationship Management)** they can be called as a tool that is used to support communication and collaboration with customers, ie. A tool that focuses on the process of collecting, processing and evaluation of information about customers of the company, allowing to identify and, if necessary, reveal the needs and wishes of customers.
- **ERP (Enterprise Resource Planning)** can be termed as enterprise resource planning, ie. An information system that works with corporate resources (financial, human, material and information) in order to effectively plan the activities in the company.

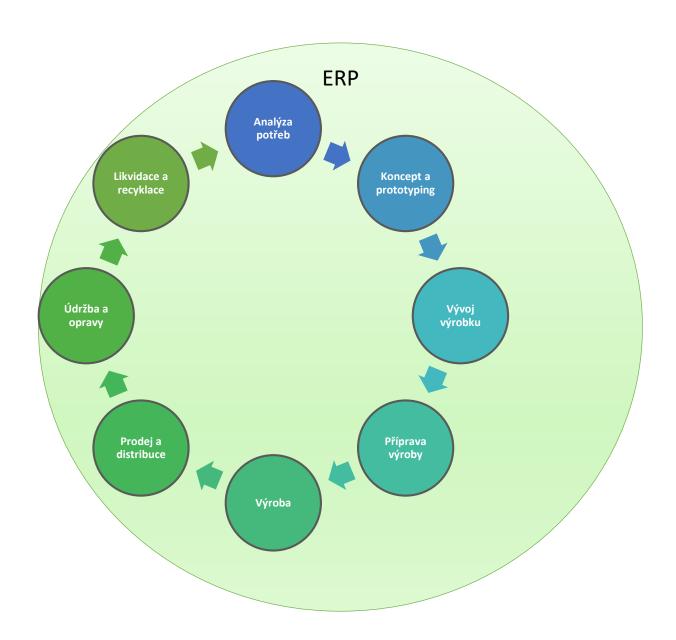


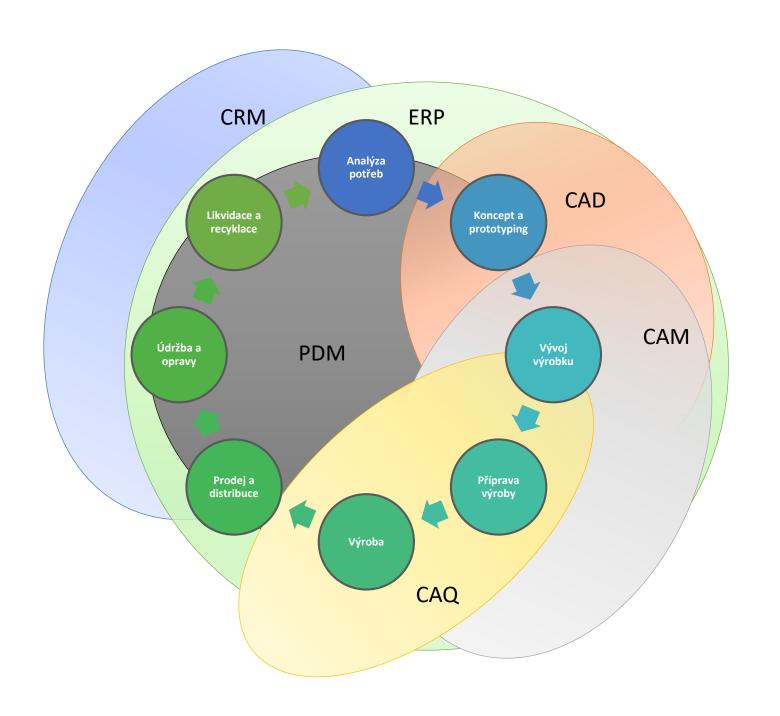














- CAPP (Computer Aided Process Planning) Computer Support in processing technological documentation,
- CAPPS (Computer Aided of Production Planning System) - computer support systems planning and management,
- CAMA (Computer Aided Maintenance) computer support maintenance of technical installations,
- CAPE (Computer Aided Production Engineering) -Computer Aided Manufacturing Engineering,
- CATS (Computer Aided transport and Store) Computer Aided Management interoperable transport and storage,



- CAT (Computer Aided Testing) computer aided testing, measurement and diagnostics,
- CAA (Computer Aided Assembly) computer support assembly products
- QFD (Quality Function Deployment) a tool to transform customer requirements into technical parameters of the product,
- DBMS (Database Management System) a software package that controls the creation, maintenance and use of database
- MES (Manufacturing Execution Systems) Manufacturing Information System
- **DFX (Design for X)** a set of specific design guidelines.

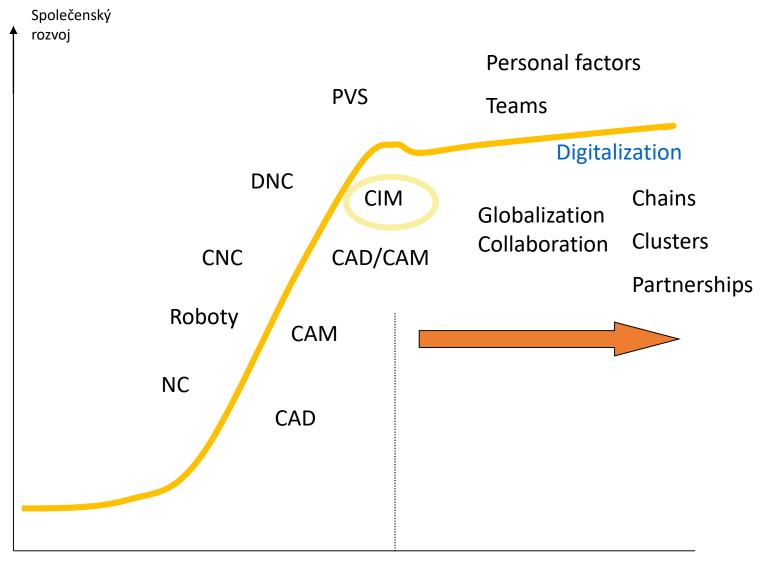


- MIS (Management Information System) Provides information management that are necessary for effective and efficient management of the organization based on user roles,
- SCM (Supply Chain Management) supply chain management,
- MRP (Material requirements planning) production scheduling and inventory management system based on the management of production processes,
- APS (Advanced Planning System) a system of advanced planning environment with limited capacity, which allows you to simplify, improve and accelerate activities in the field of planning,
- MRS (Marketing requirements Specification) a tool for gaining customer requirements.



Digital Factory

Milan EDL

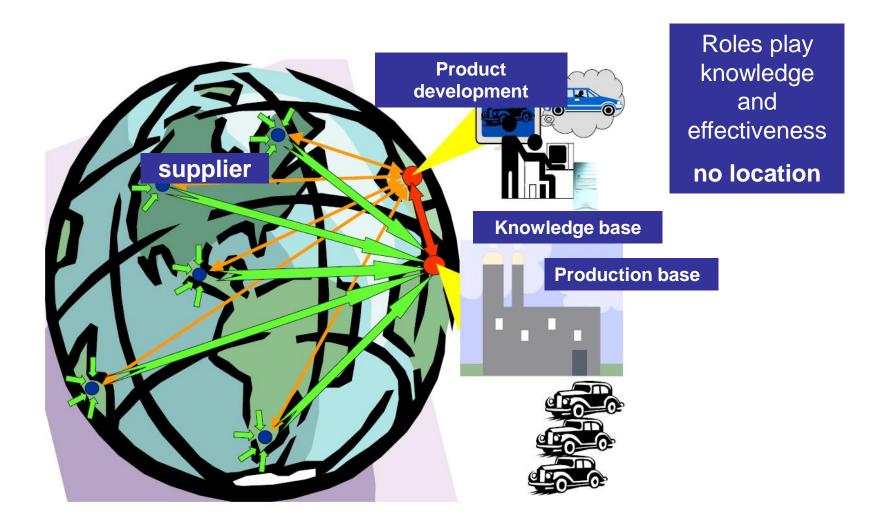


1985 - 1995

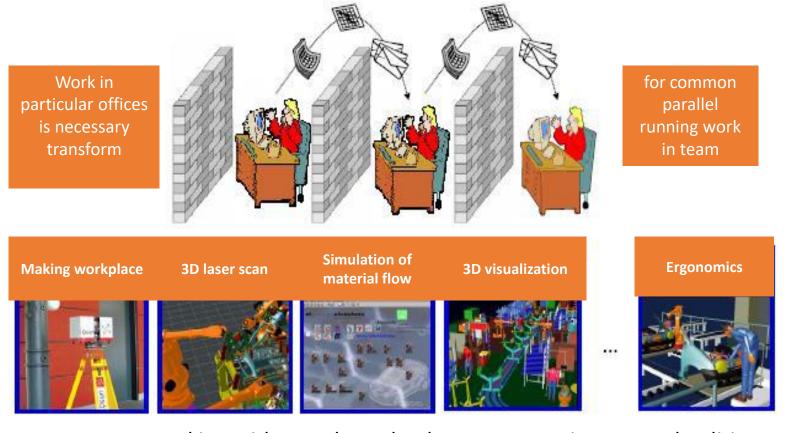
2020



Globalization + digitalization = current trend

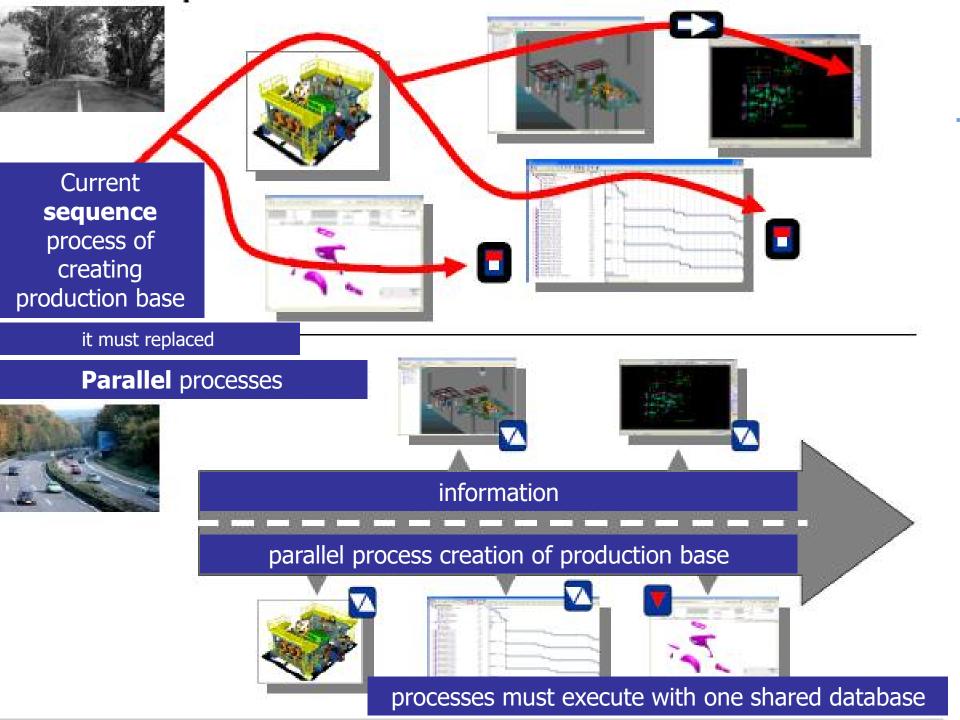


Main aim of digital manufacturing methods are replace intermittent processes of sending project documentation from one office to next – after finishing previous work



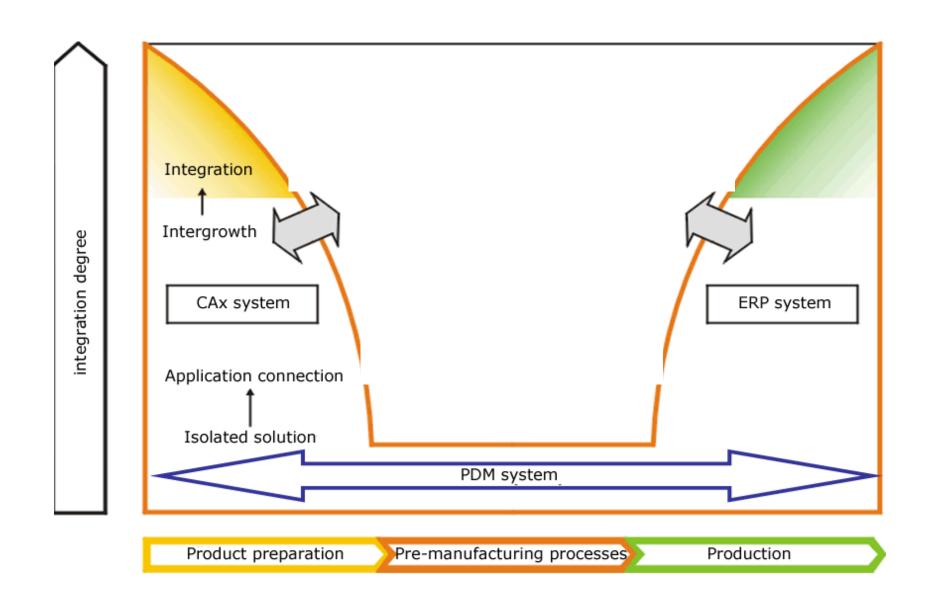
Process are working with one share database – processing, control, editing, ...

Parallel working



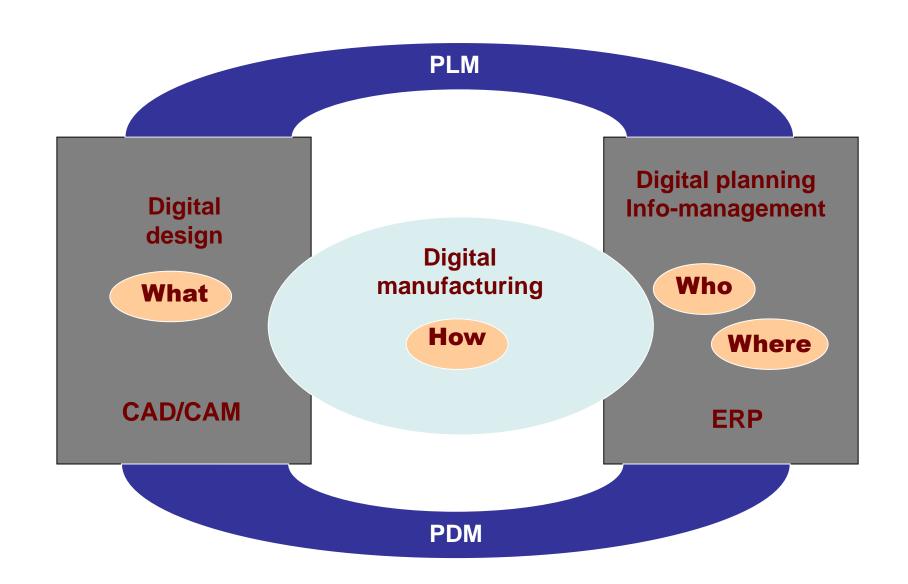


Integration in DF

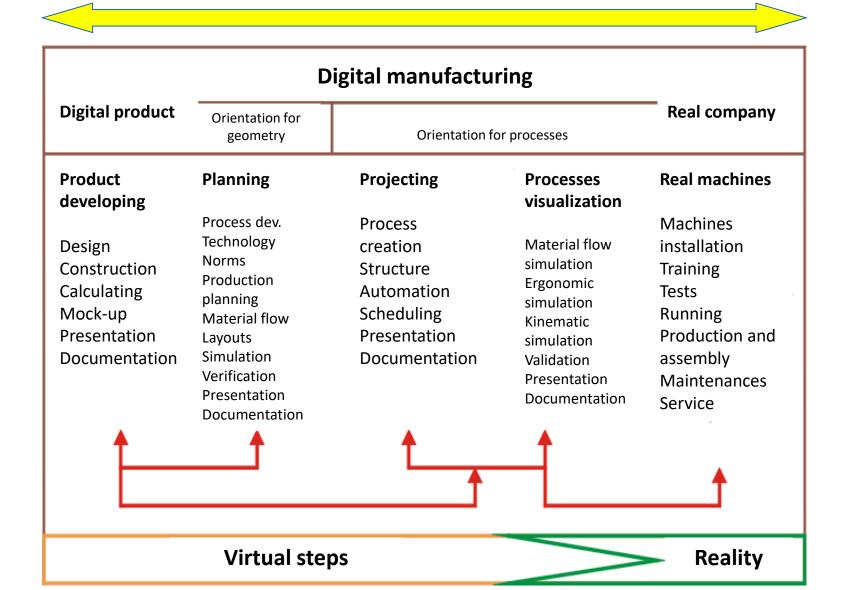




Basic Principles of digital manufacturing



Definition of term **Digital Manufacturing** is still in process. Many authors understand term only in relation to production and other authors more widely.



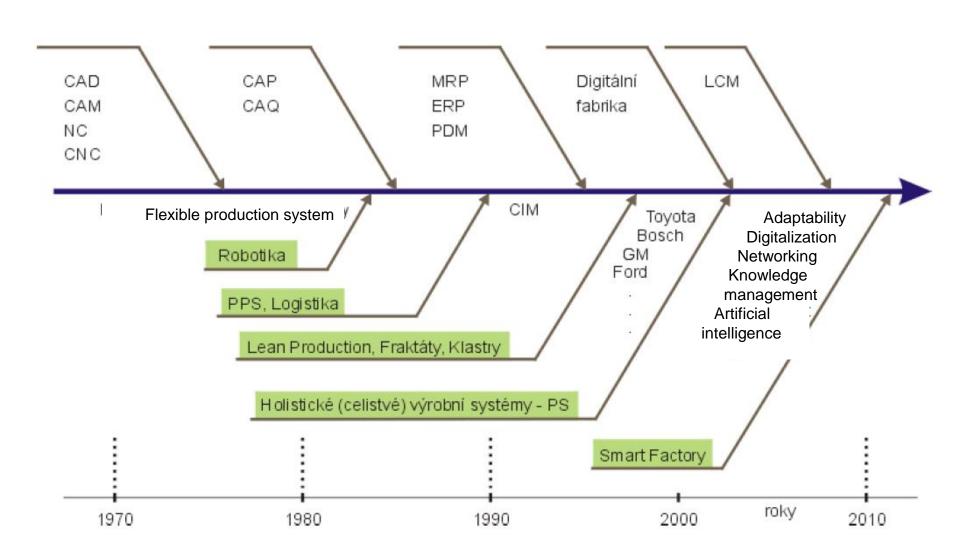


Digital manufacturing

- Digital Factory is an umbrella concept for a wide range of digital methods, models and tools, which are integrated in continuous data management
- The goal is to digitally capture and form, with the use of support software tools, the whole product life cycle
- Digital Factory gives a virtual image of real production, that is, it displays production processes in a virtual environment. It serves mainly for planning, simulation and optimization of serial manufacturing of difficult products



Particullal steps





Profit

Time

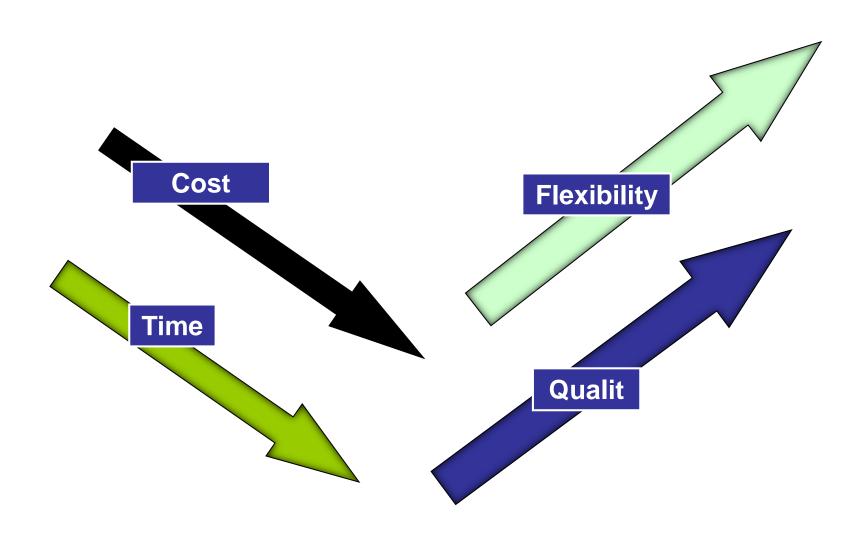


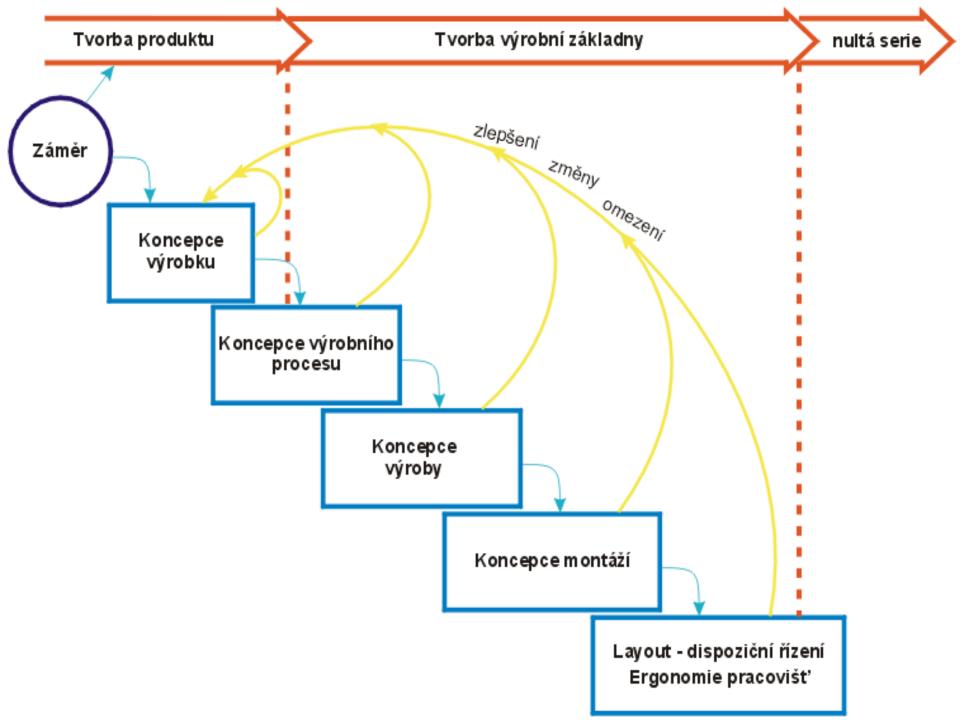
Cost

Quality



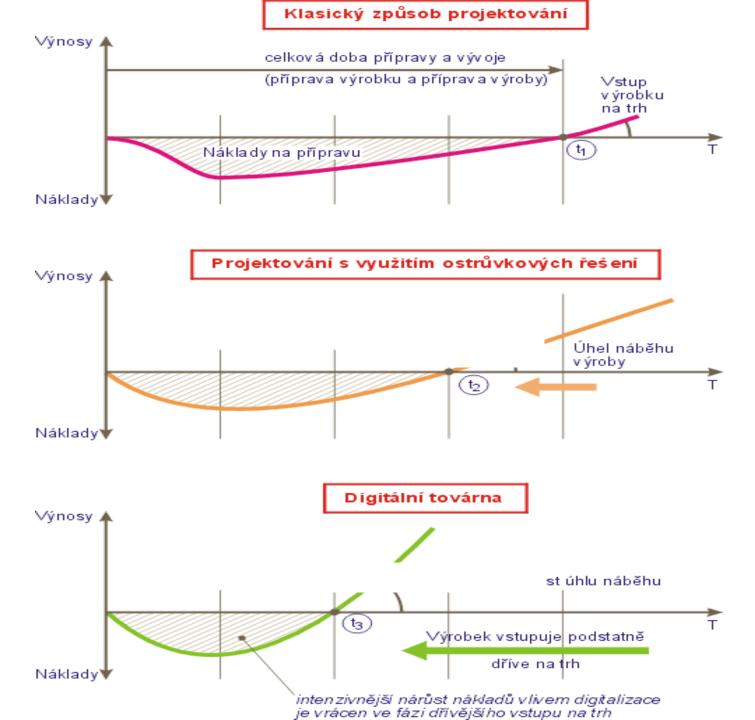
Profit





Time

- Analyzes in the virtual world are faster than in the real world
- Lower demands for routine work
- Significant shortening of the start-up time
- DF facilitates communication during development and production
- DF improves communication with customers and suppliers





Quality

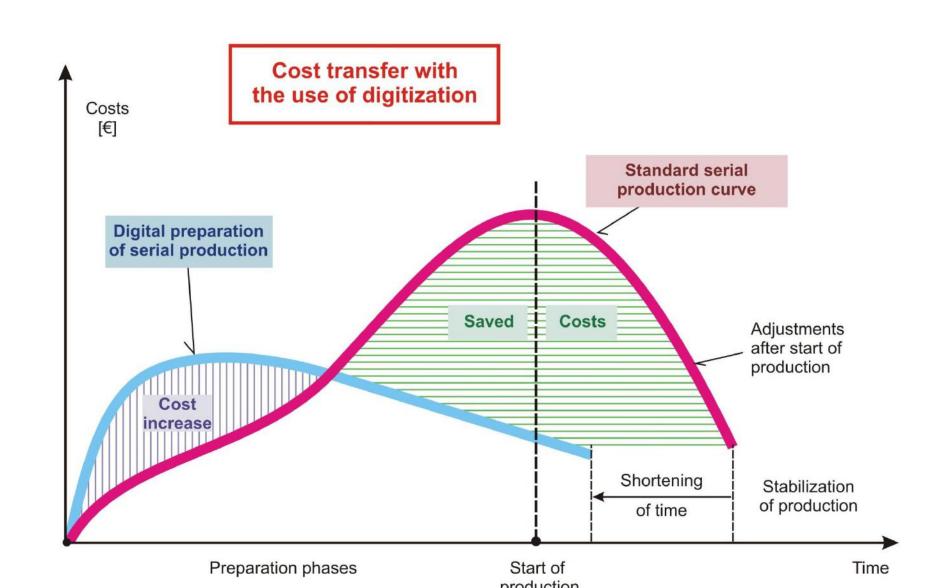
- Digitization ensures working with the right data
- Duplicates of data that is the source of errors are eliminated
- Improving change management, support processes, maintenance
- Logistics, flow of materials and tools to improve the economy
- Simulation helps to avoid defective goods and reduces error rates



- Product development optimization and production planning
- Reducing the amount of defective goods is a cost reduction
- Cost reduction by prototyping (using virtual models - mock-ups)
- By simulating in a virtual environment, it is possible to verify the efficiency of machines without having to buy them
- Revealing errors at the analysis stage, which means cost savings



Basic scheme



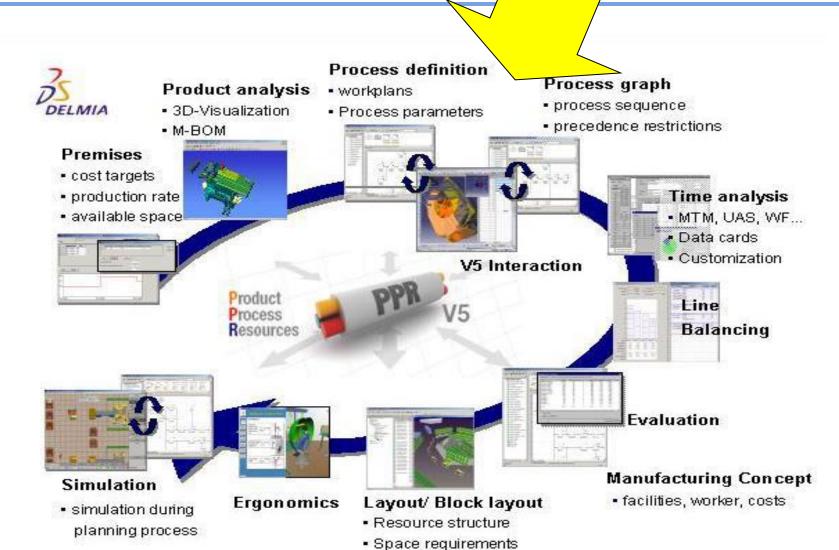


Flexibility

- Rapid shortening of the preparatory phases
- Start production can begin earlier, because all the analyzes were performed in a virtual environment
- Faster achievement of expected production
- Digitization allows the preparatory phases:
 - Higher variability
 - Introduction of modularity principles
 - Higher versatility of production systems



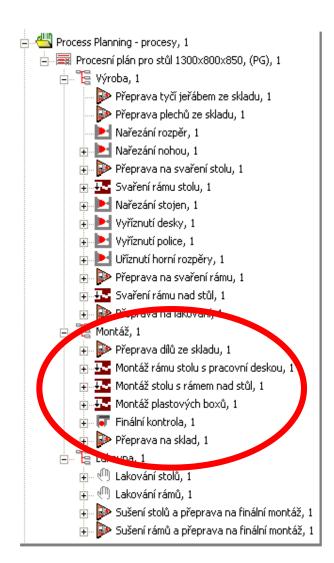
PPR -

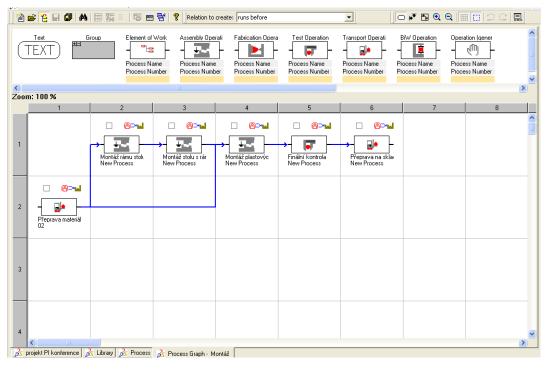


Layout variants



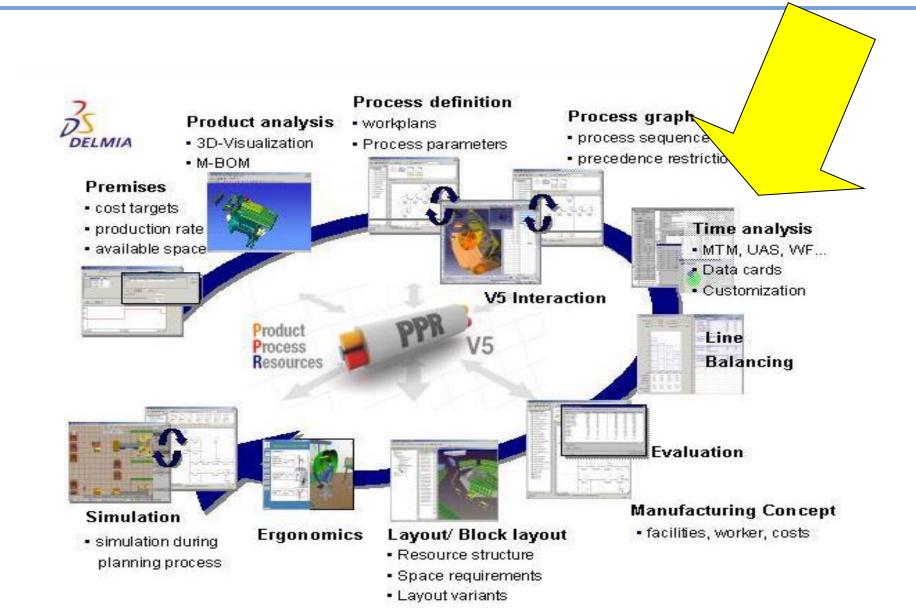
Processes







PPR - Hub





MTM-2

operace 1

Description

Method Level

Analyzed Times

37 39

41

43

45 47

49

51

63

65

67 69

71

73

75

77

79 81 83

85

Analysis Lines | Basic Data | Long Text |

Regrasp

Place

Place

Get

Get

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PA5

GB30

PC30

GC30

PA30

PA5

GB30

PC30

GC30

PA30

PA5

GB30

PC30

GC30

PA30

PA5

GR30

Number of Parts

Analyzed Time

Code L.H.

Parts Simultaneously

1

823,00 tmu

6,00

21,00

3,00

14,00

30,00

23,00

11,00

6,00

21,00

3,00

14,00

30,00

23,00

11,00

6,00

21,00

3,00

14,00

30,00

23,00

11,00

6,00

21,00

3,00

14,00

30,00

23,00

11,00

6,00

21,00

3.00

14 00

Time (tmu)

Time analysis - MTM

823,00

0,00

0,00 tmu

823,00

0,00

Code R.H.

PC5

PC5

PC5

PC5

PC5

tmu

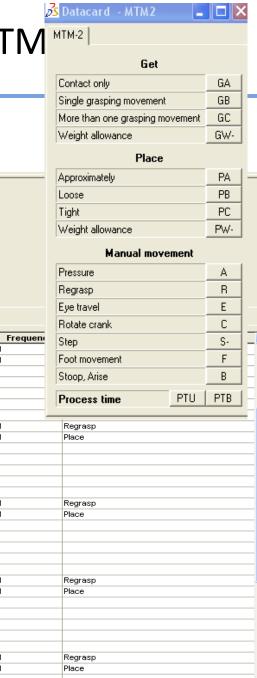
tmu

М

TTU

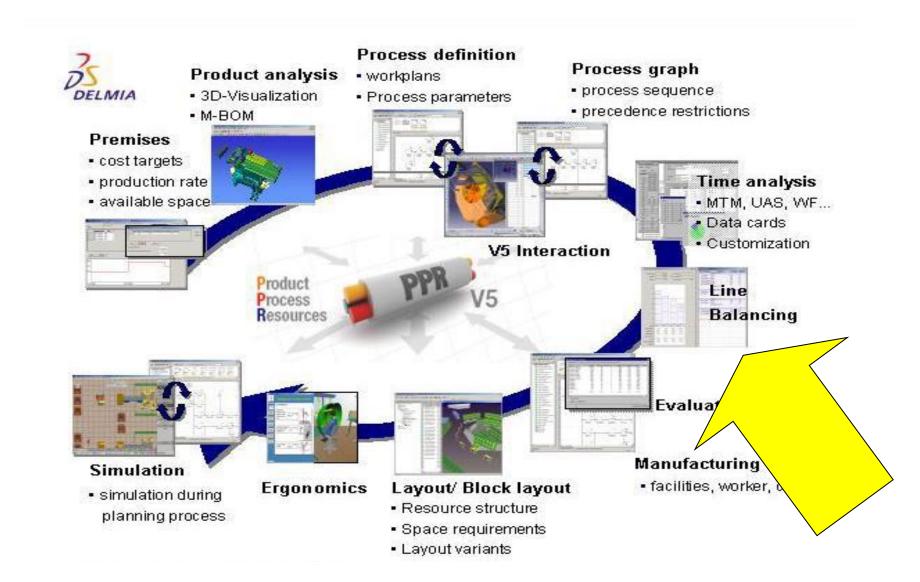
TRG

Setup Time (tmu)



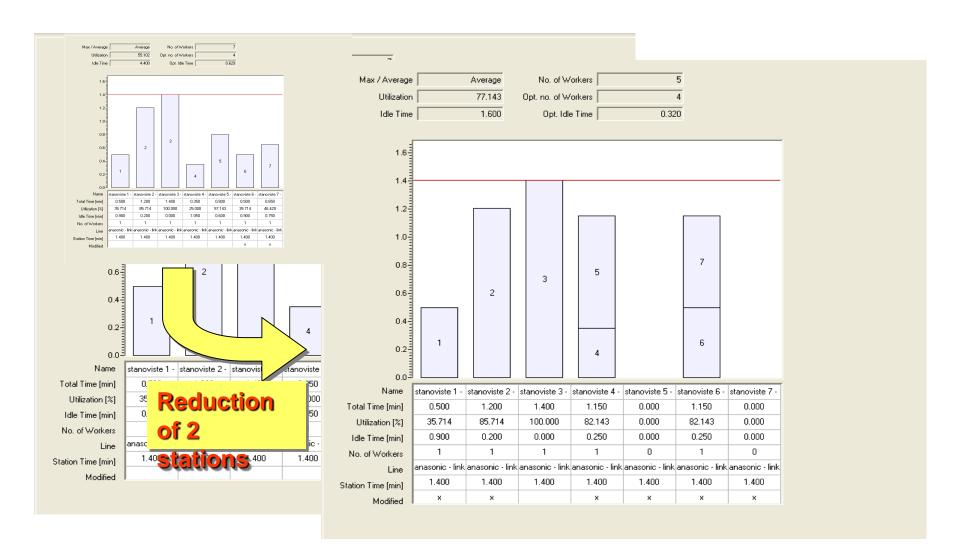


PPR - Hub



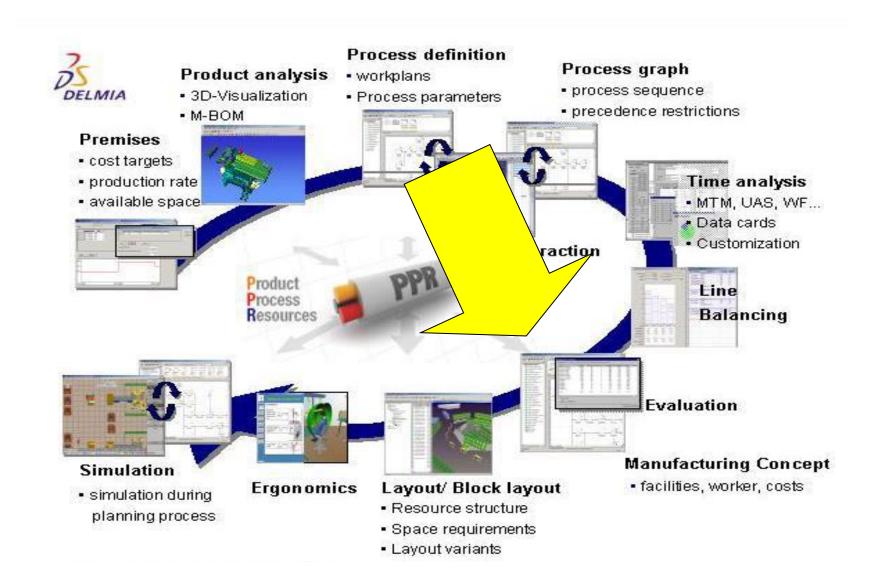


Line balancing



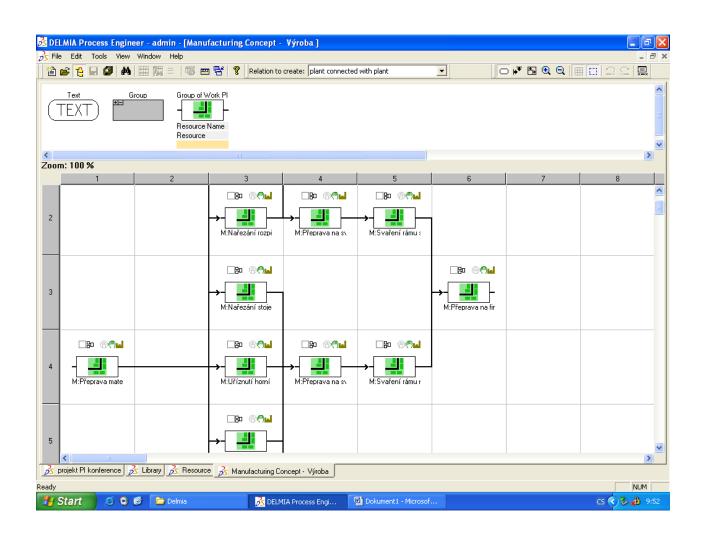


PPR - Hub



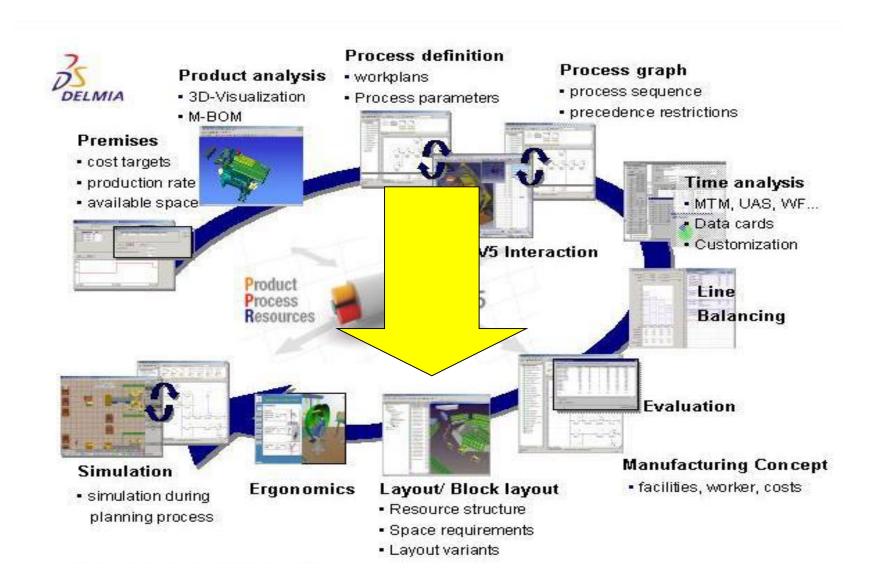


Manufacturing concept



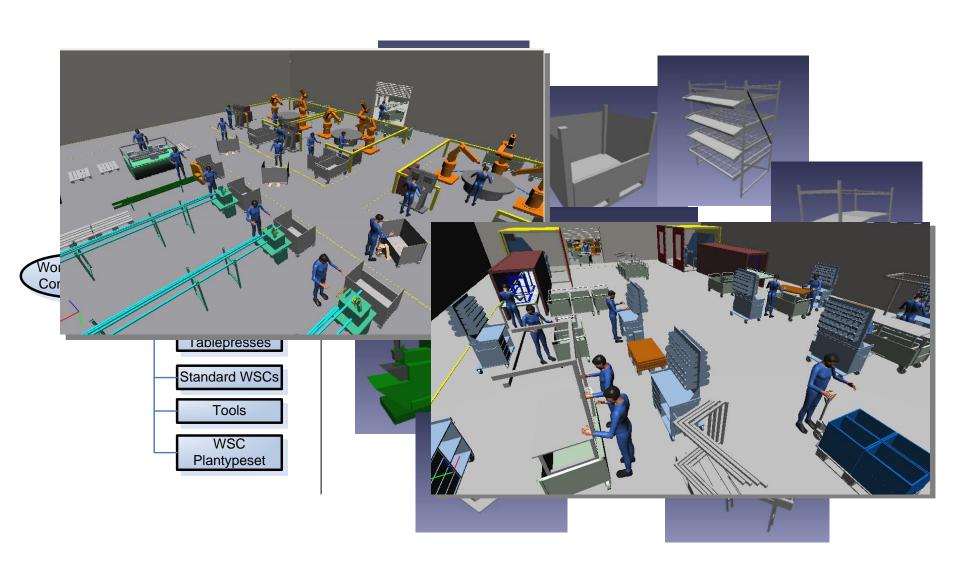


PPR - Hub



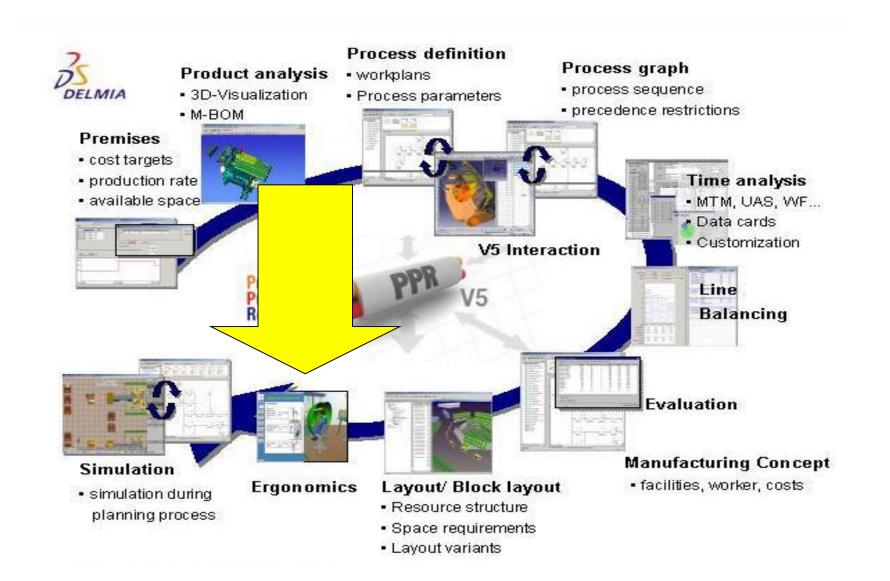


Resource library



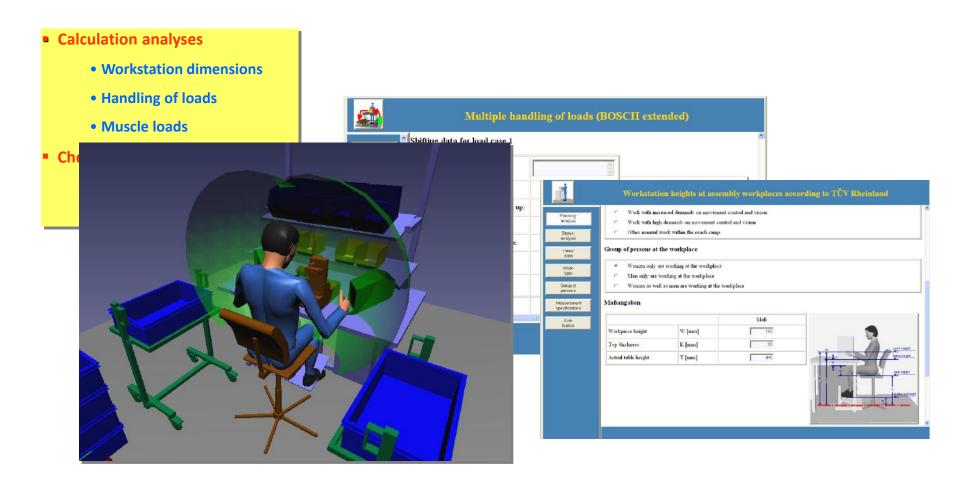


PPR - Hub



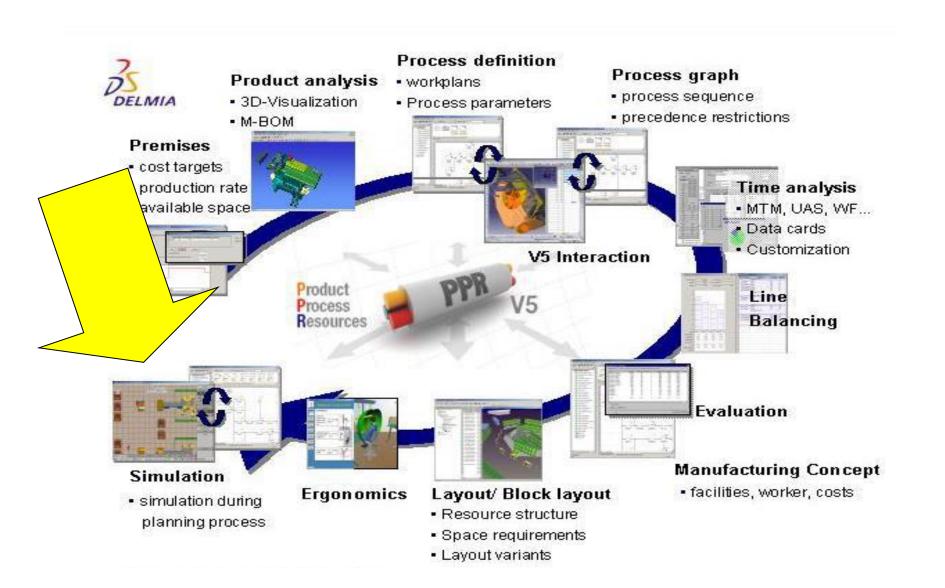


Ergonomics





PPR - Hub

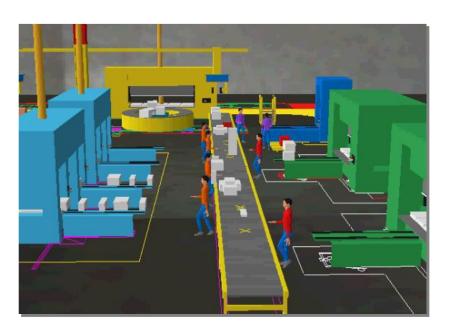




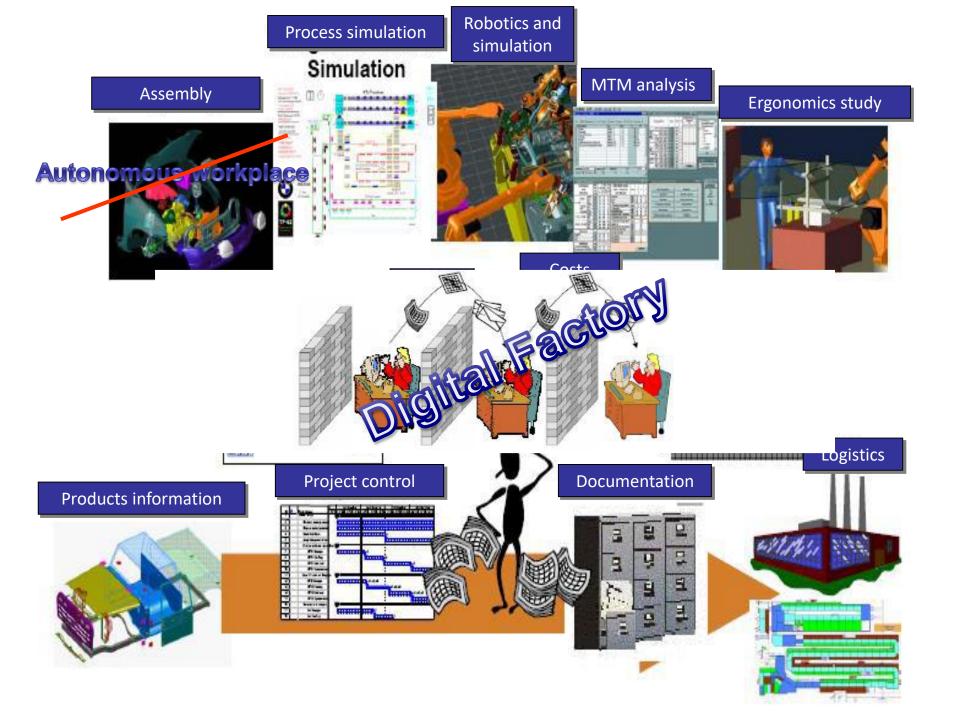
Simulation

Simulation module



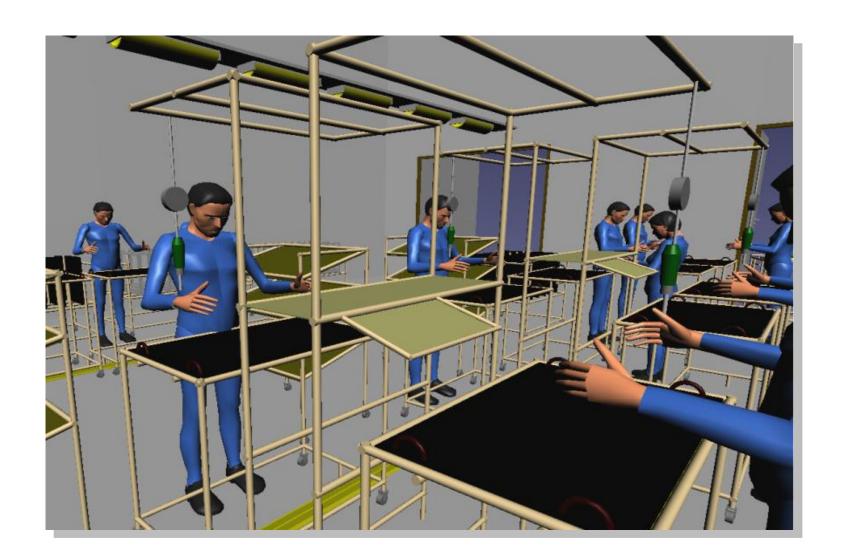


Our virtual company



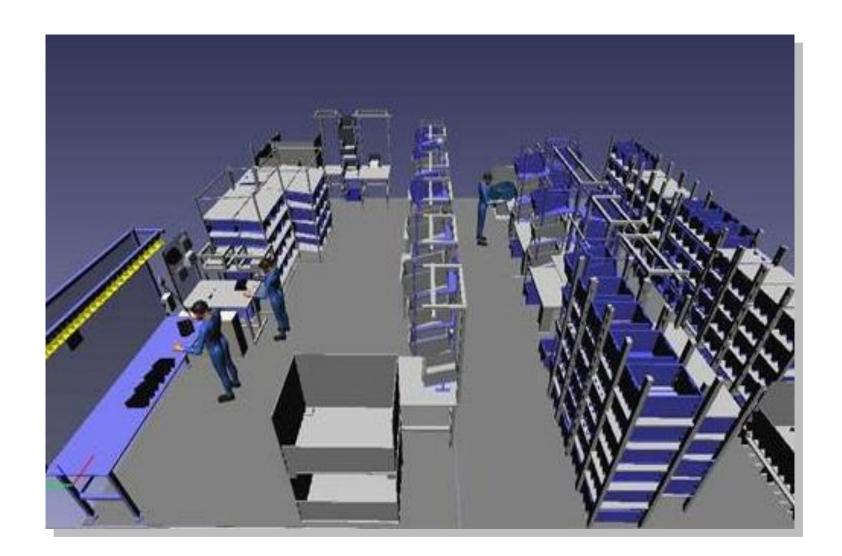


Layout





Layout



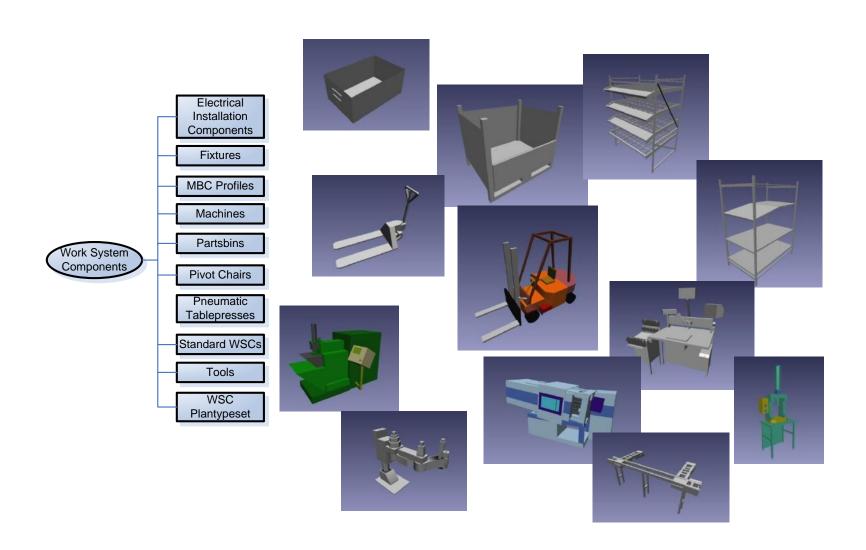


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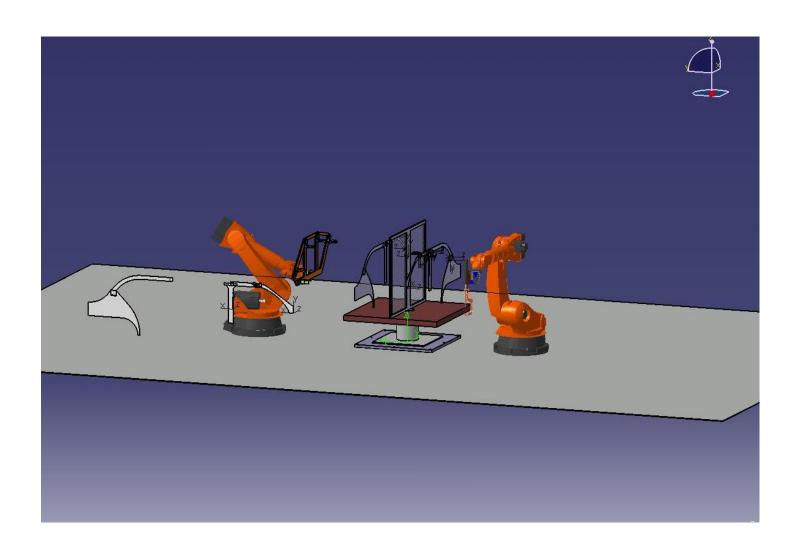


Library of graphical components



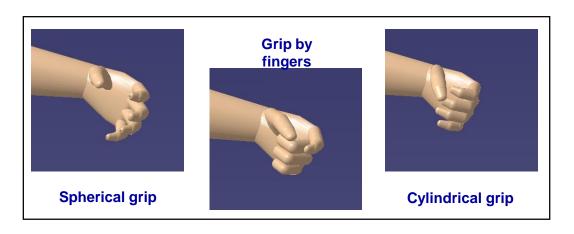


Robotics

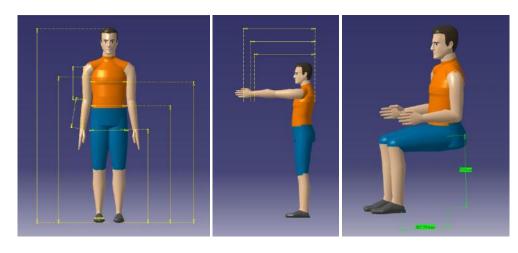




Ergonomics



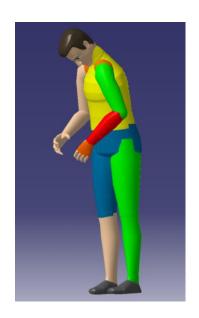
Digital model of people has many anthropometric dimension





Ergonomics

Color identification overloaded area of body in various position







Simulation



Examples of DF

Examples of using programming tools – it has chosen from real projects

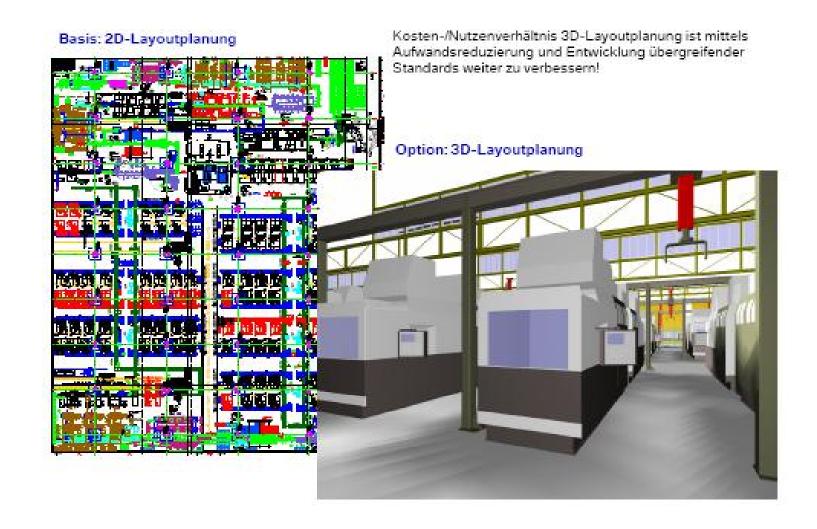


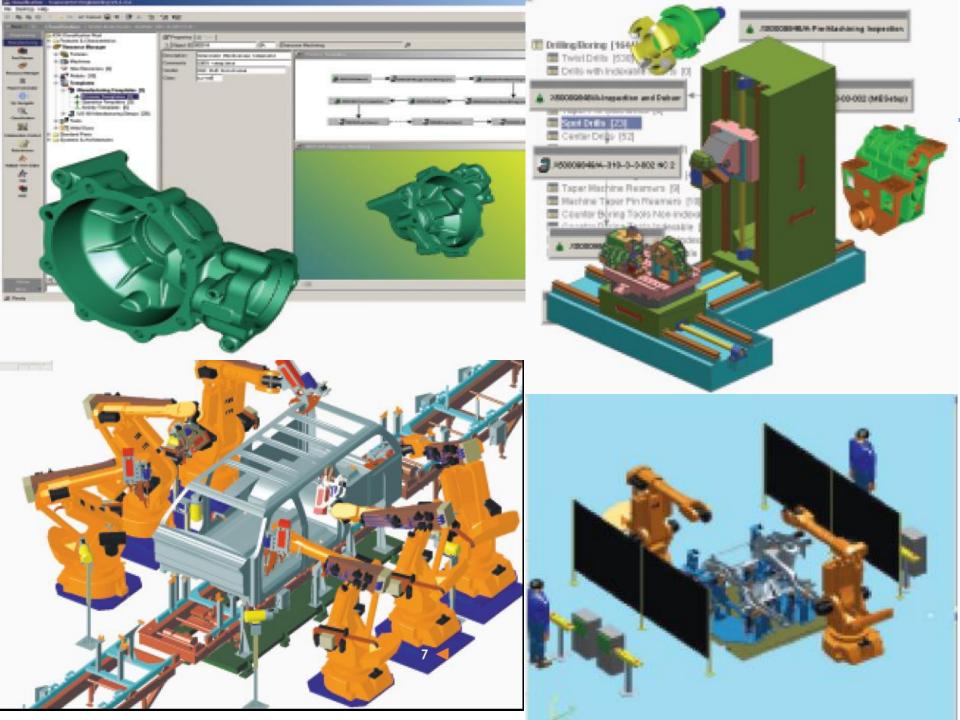
Processing and digitalization concern to all levels production process from outer logistic flow through production and assembly and workshop up to particular workplace and their ergonomic solution.

Simulation verify various variants and choose "optimal" solution.



3D or 2D projecting





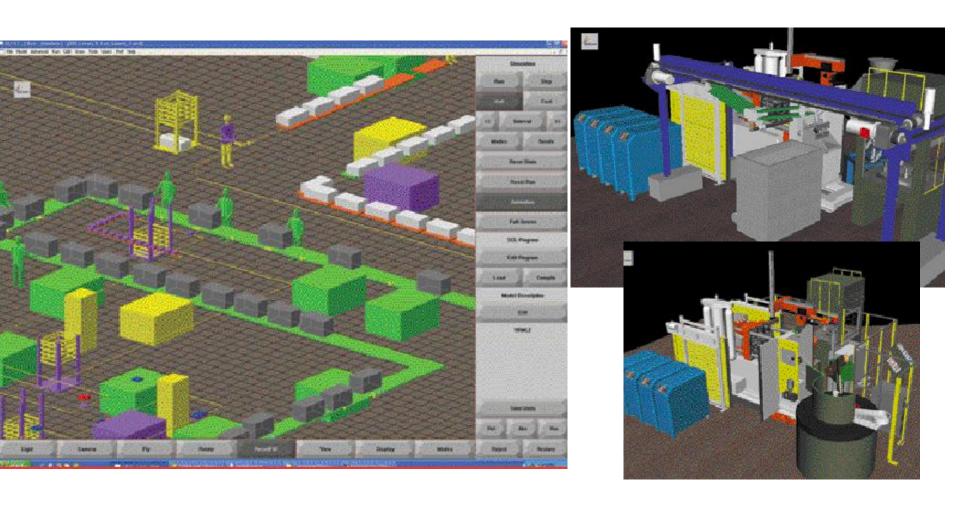


Logistic scheme





DF consists of various type of production and services



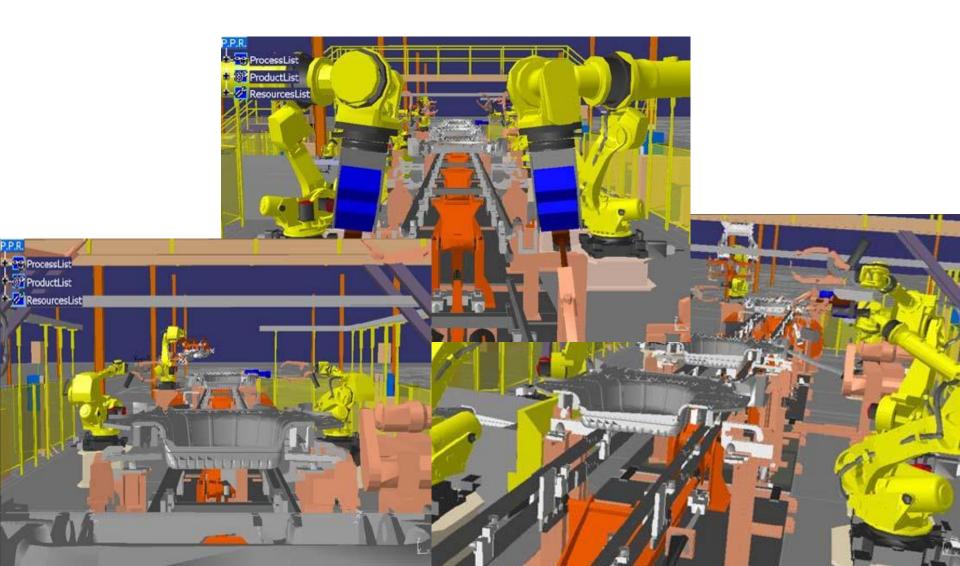


Robotic workplace





Welding link

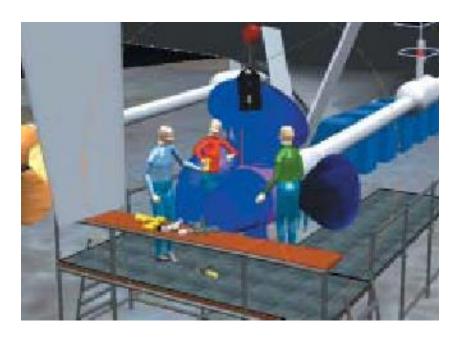






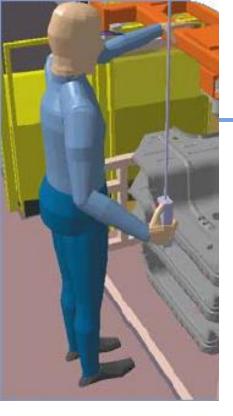
Ergonomic modules









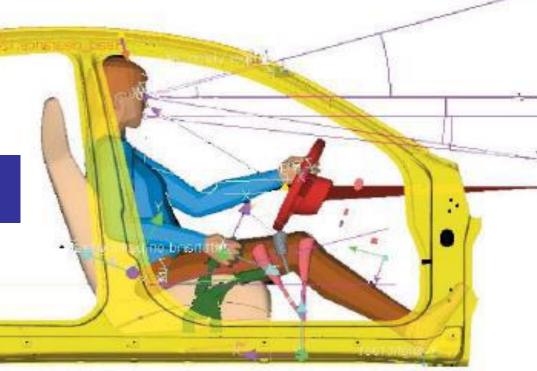


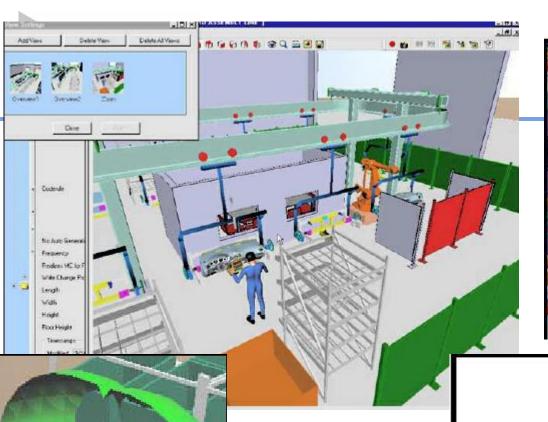
Ergonomic studies examine not only heights or distances but also force set-up in workplace

Ergonomic studies of control item are normal





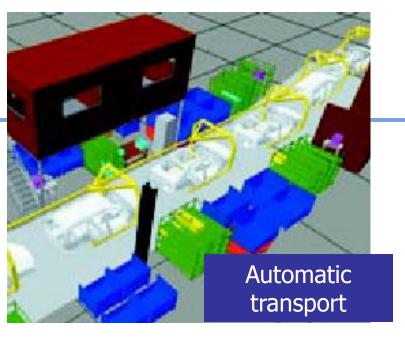






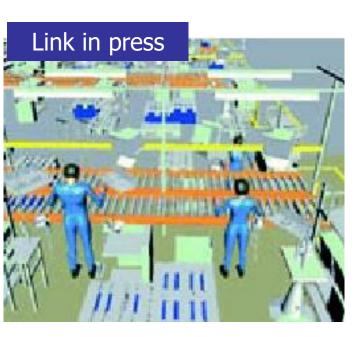
In practices are solved not only real situation but also fictive situation





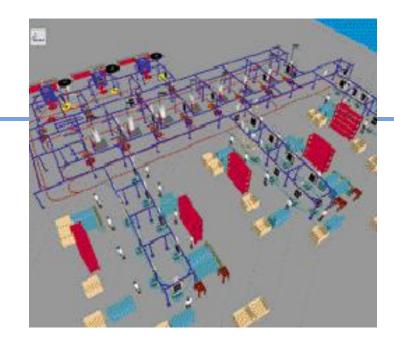


Examples of studies



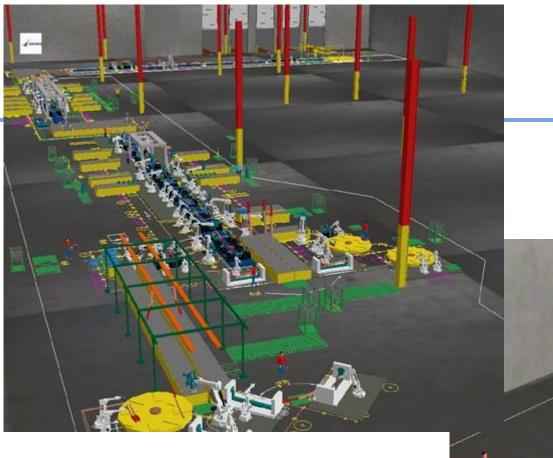






All systems are possible simulate and examine with help "what – if" analysis





Disposition must consists of all necessary data from logistic operation – we can use simulation

It prepares for simulation



Total disposition



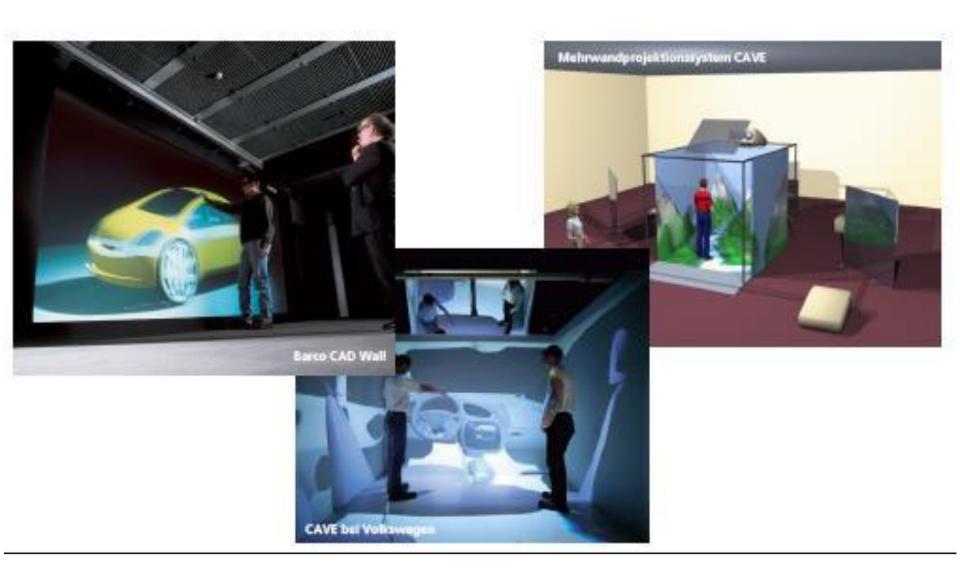


Detail view





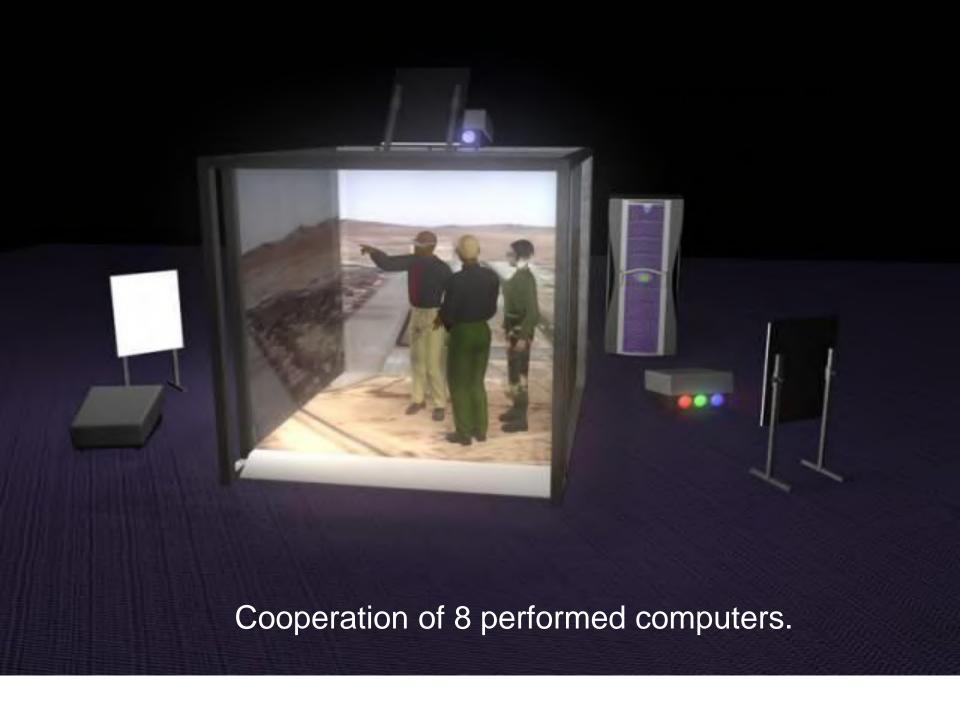
Virtual reality







Special computer devices – CAVE

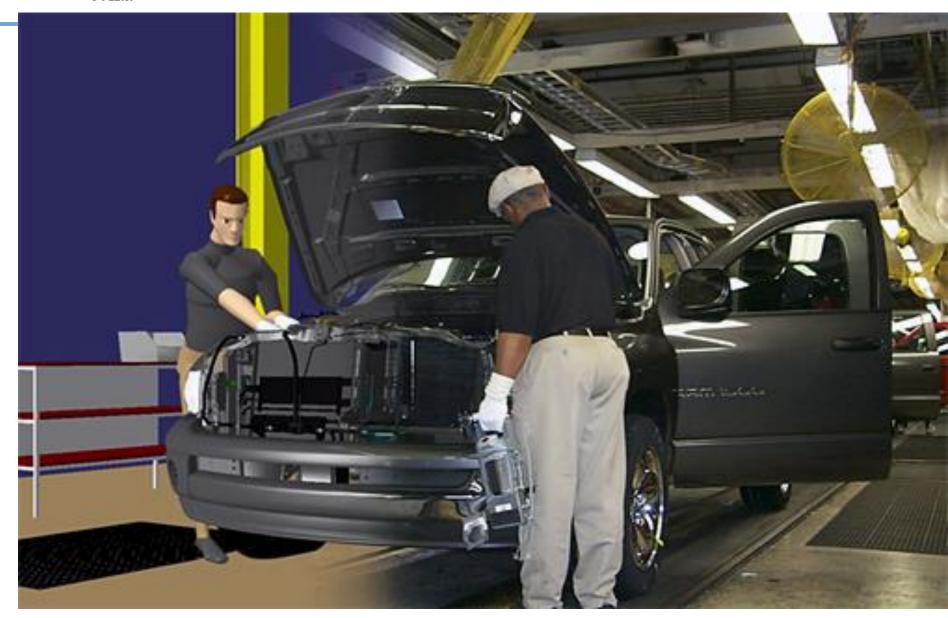


Using of haptic devices, e.g. glove



In projects is possible to use combination virtual and real situation.

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Example UWB

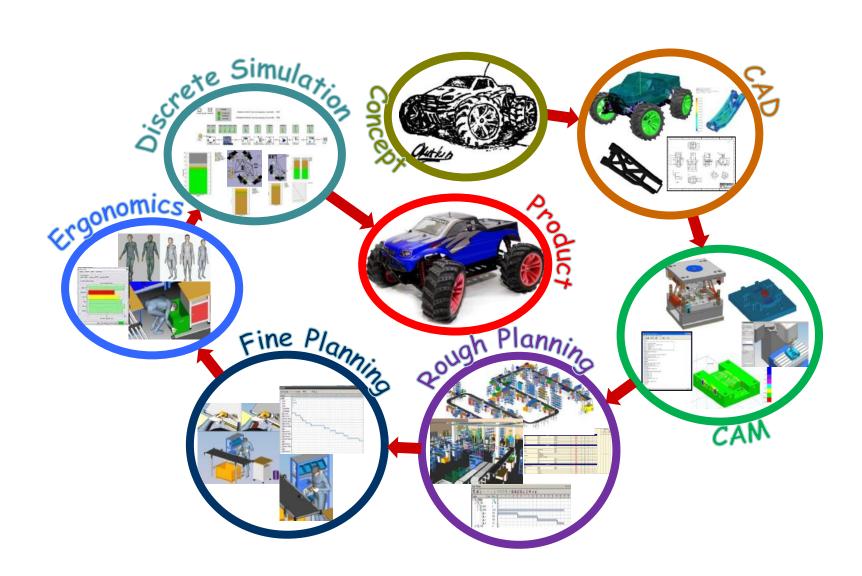


Product data management





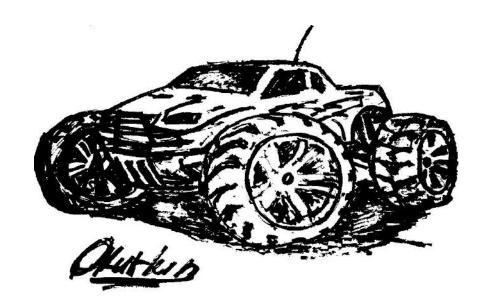
DF Concept at UWB





Design Concept

Designers' vision of the product according customers' needs. Idea of appearance.



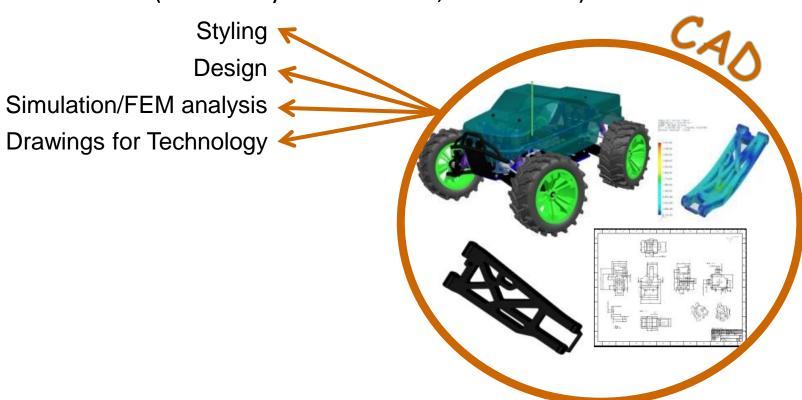




CAD

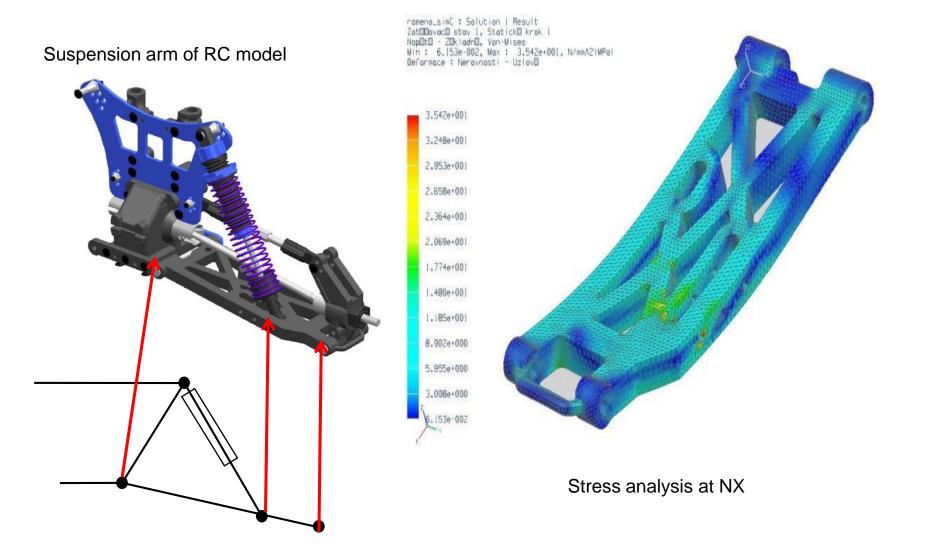
CAD systems helps to designer engineer to create drawings and materials for technological engineer.

Part of the DF(Dassault sytemes – CATIA, Siemens NX)



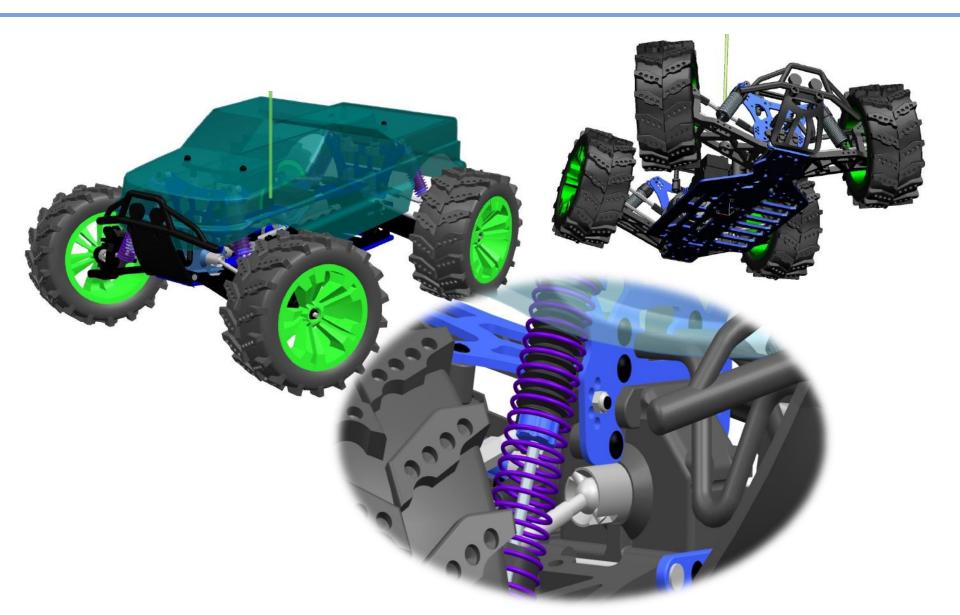


CAD - Simulation





CAD - Design



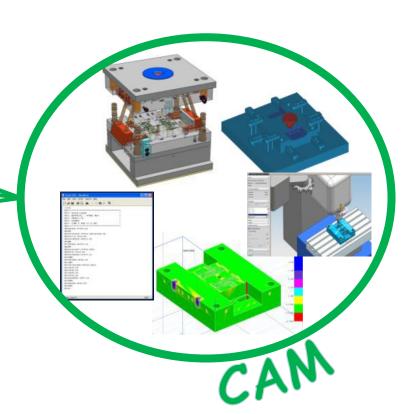


CAM

CAM modules helps to technology engineer to set optimal cutting environment

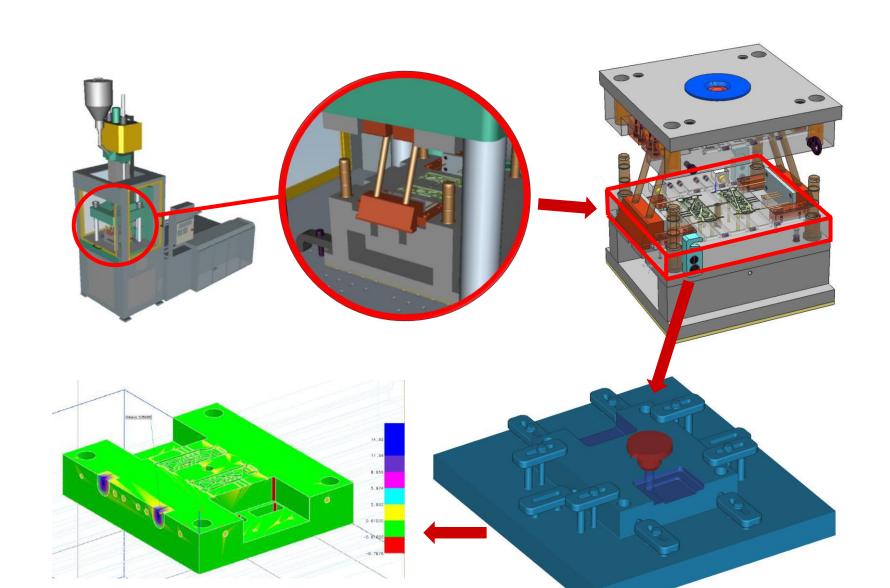
Part of the DF(Dassault sytemes – CATIA, Siemens NX)

Tooling Machining Generating NC programme



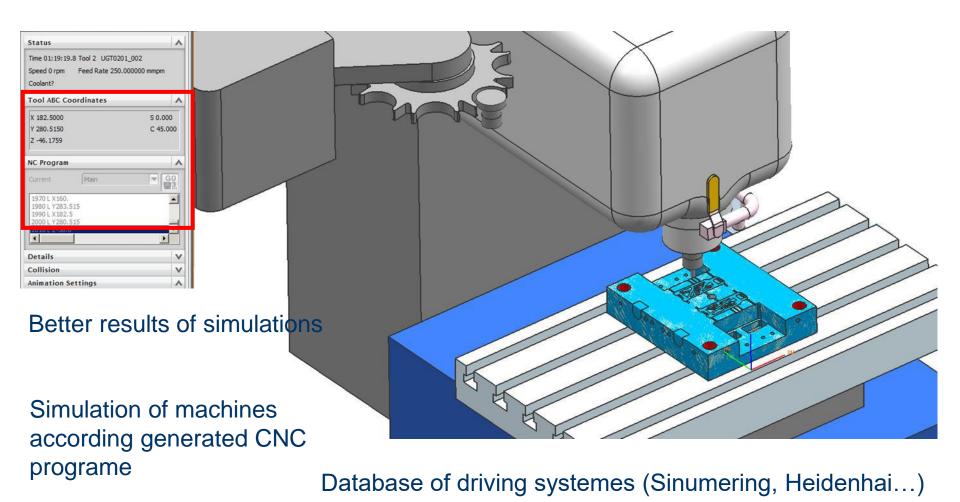


CAM - Tooling



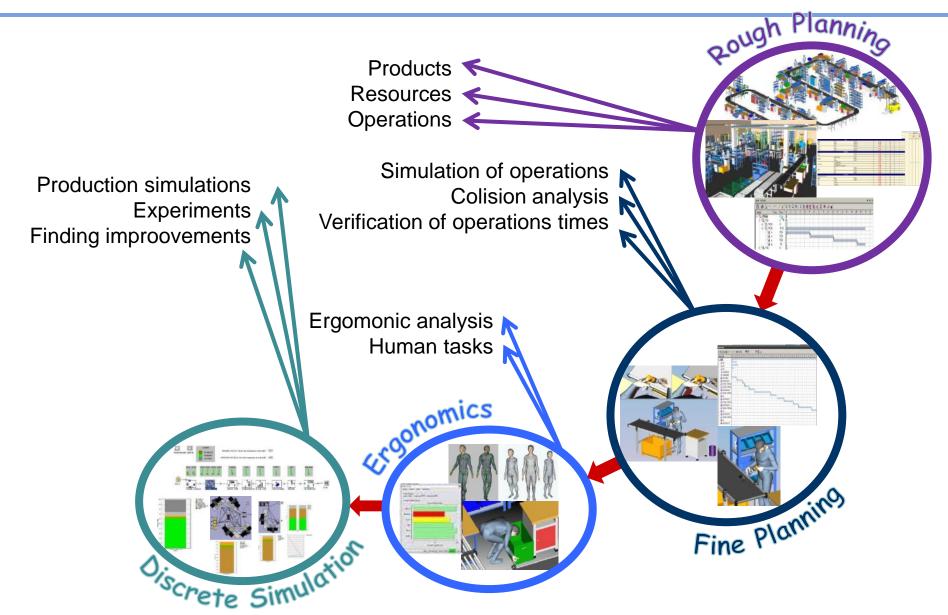


CAM - Machining



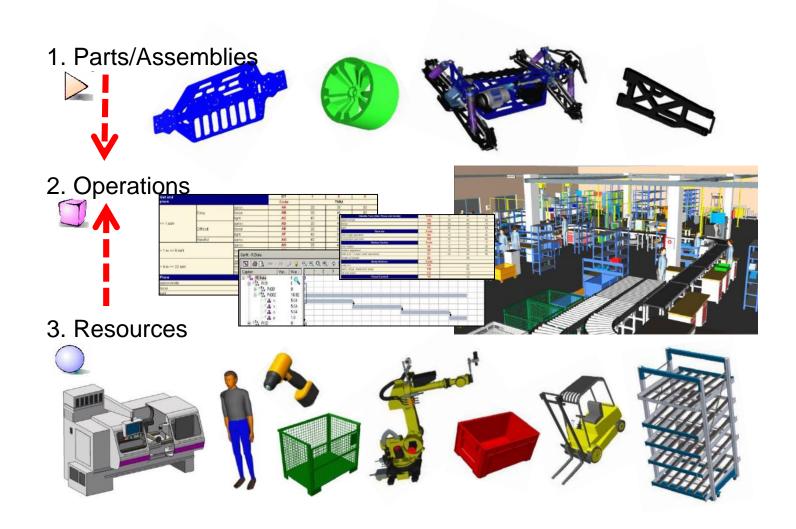


Digital Manufactruring



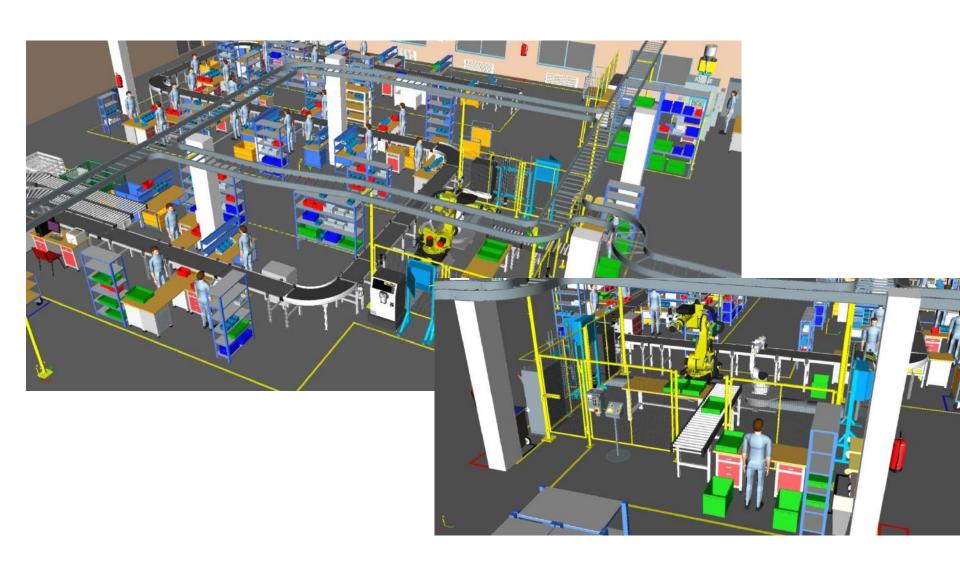


Rough Planning





Rough Planning - resources



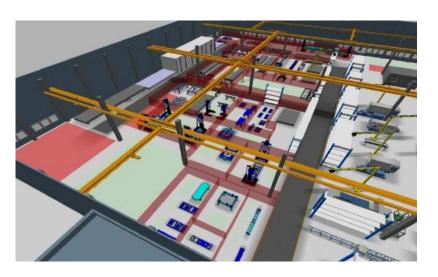


Rough Planning - resources



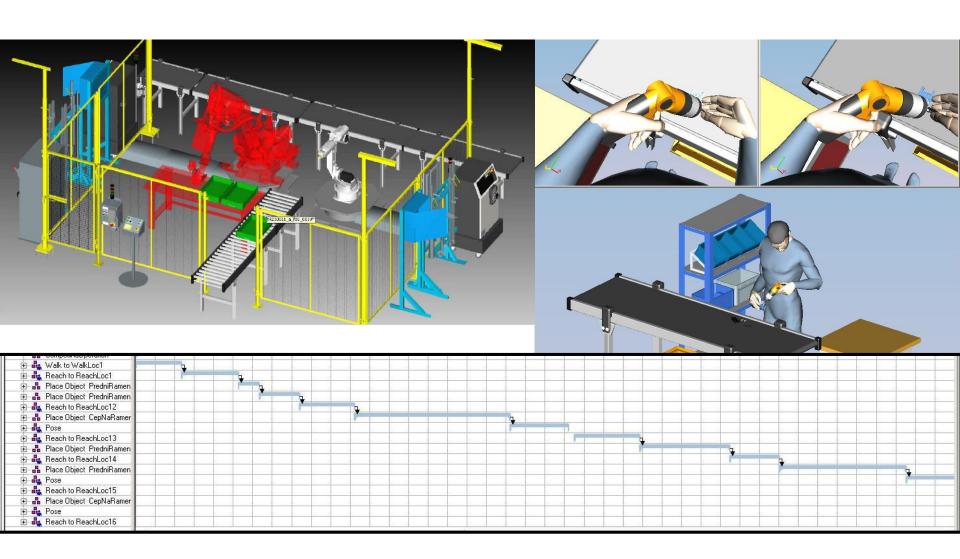








Fine Planning





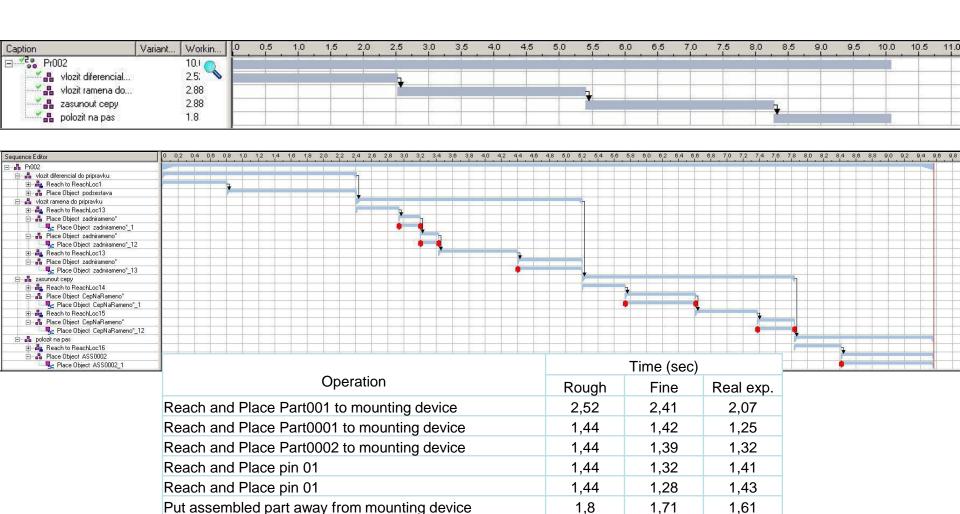
total time

Fine Planning

10,08

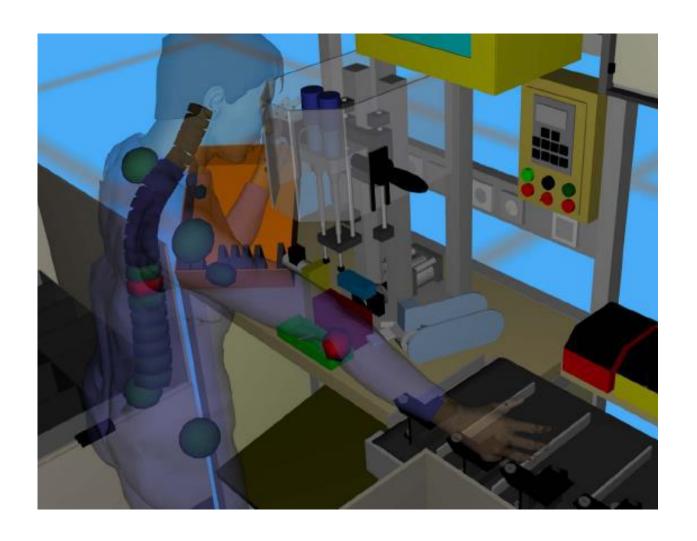
9,57

9,49





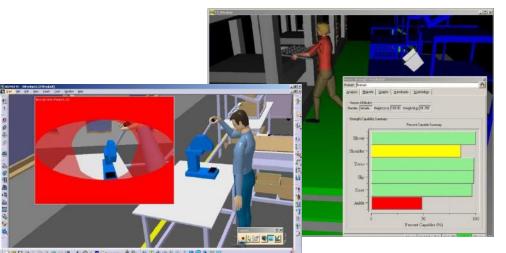
Ergonomics





Ergonomics

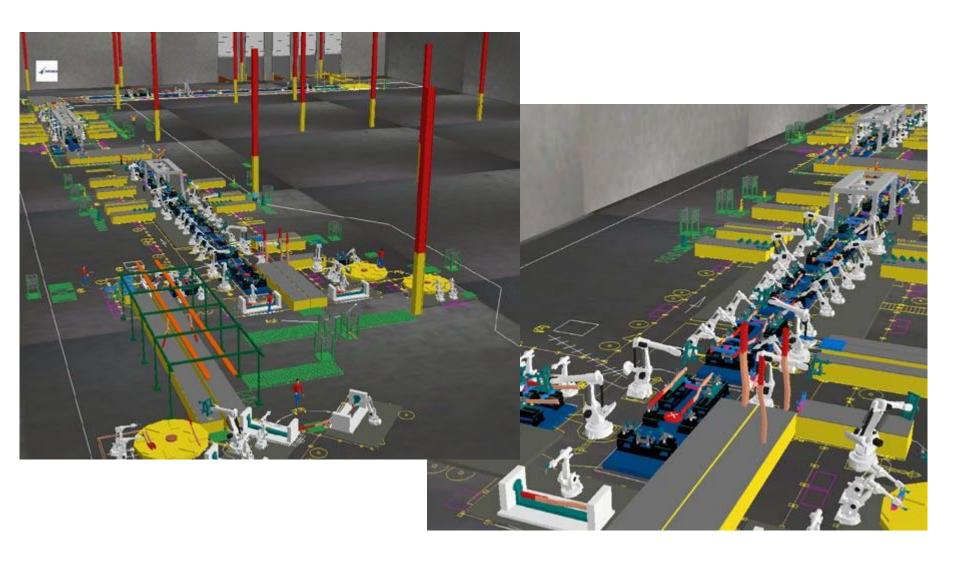






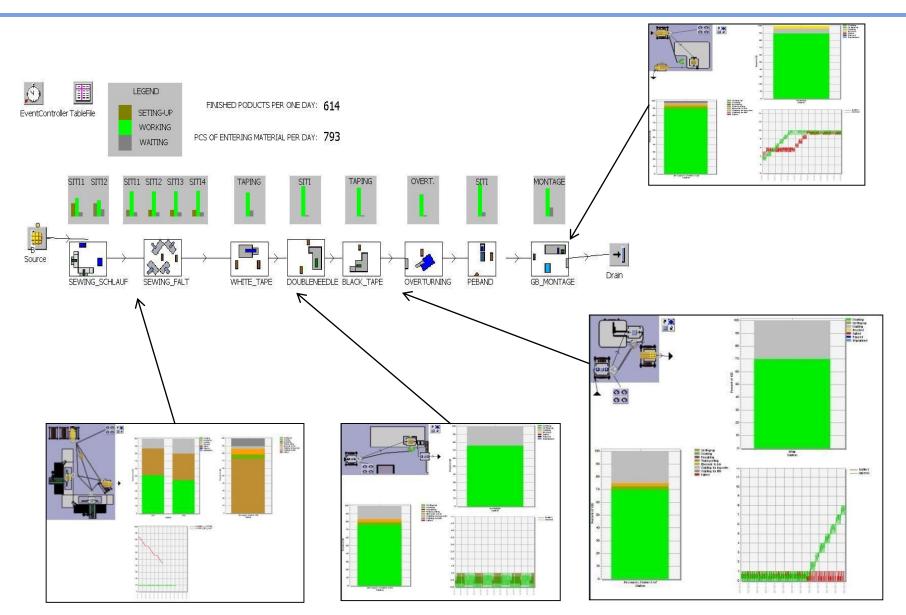


Modelling and simulation



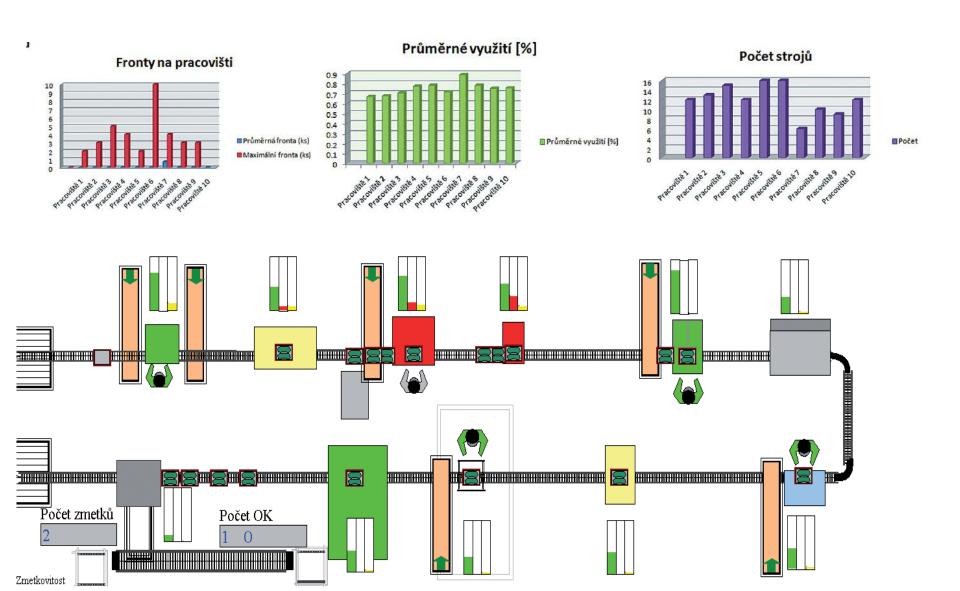


Discrete Event Simulation



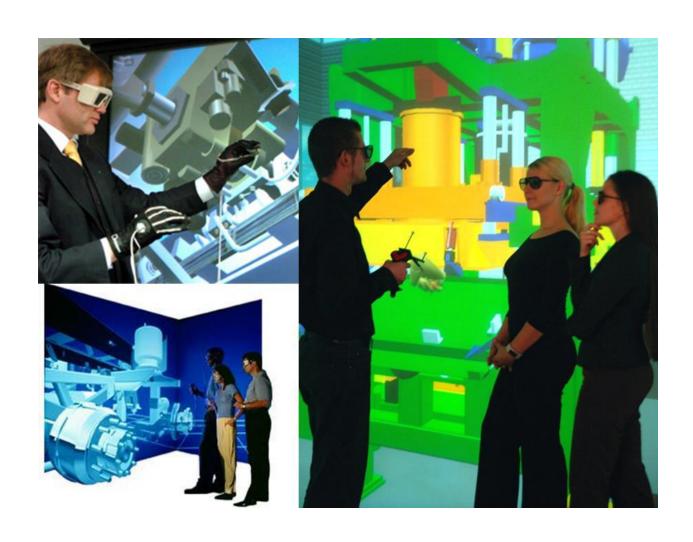


Modelling and simulation





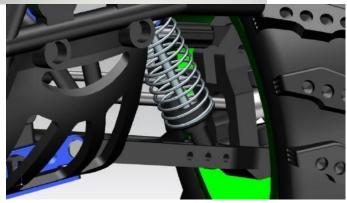
Virtual reality





Production









- TeamCenter http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mIPfMnsC

 Tm4
- Introduction to PDM <u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6zNeunC-</u>

 SX0
- Portfolio Management for Product
 Development http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=67sLBThp
 A18



- NX 8 numerical control simulation - <u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6ZUpjWV</u> <u>wbSw</u>
- CNC Simulation, verification and NC postprocessing -http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dJgcd0iBy
- CNC simulation milling -<u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CL-I-RvMeAU</u>

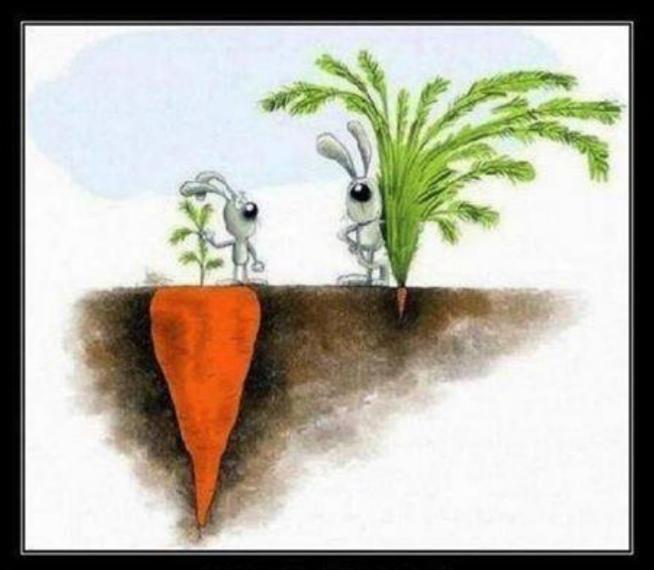
Video

- Robotics Simulation at Volvo Cars with Tecnomatix http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Xx0PRMhev3A
- Tecnomatix 10 Efficient Planning http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g-HFnjHXKGE
- Tecnomatix 10 PLM for Manufacturing -http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gvzL0ReckuA
- Tecnomatix 10.1 Process Simulate Human -- Real-time fatigue tool -

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HBHtNKaNTk8

- Tecnomatix Jack Kinect Plug in http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4FoeydgNjRU
- Tecnomatix Jack Kinect Plug http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vuY4vVPX4hs
- Augmented reality in industrial engineering http://www.youtube.com/watch?v= eX08z33vnc
- Augmented reality in industrial engineering -http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vuY4vVPX4hs

- Virtual CAVE on University of Žilina http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qJS5rqL2ahc
- Jack Tips & Tricks: Scaling Jack and Jill –
 Tecnomatix http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dXBKGrUuJA&list=PLB862277A1217D6A9
- Jack Human Simulation with MS Kinect http://www.youtube.com/watch?v= JlkoWV4yFo
- Human Simulation to perform Ergonomics
 Analysis in a PLM http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UZs-cCsMqal



SUCCESS

it's not always what you see

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