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In the given work kinetic laws of reaction of decomposition peroxyd of hydrogen by ions of iron at the presence of ions of metals of the second period were studied. Constants of speed of reaction of decomposition peroxyd of hydrogen at the presence of various metals of the second group are determined. Anamorphozes of kinetic curves have shown course of reaction under the first order.

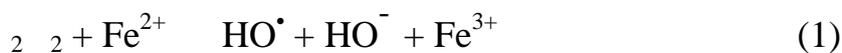
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$$[1]$$

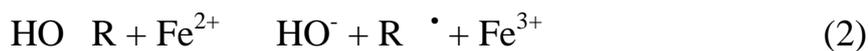
[3].



[2, 3]:



[4, 5]:



R – , Alk, Ar, . .

[2]:



[4].

Fe^{2+}
 Fe^{2+} ,

: Mg, Ca, Ba, Sr.
[Fe^{2+}],

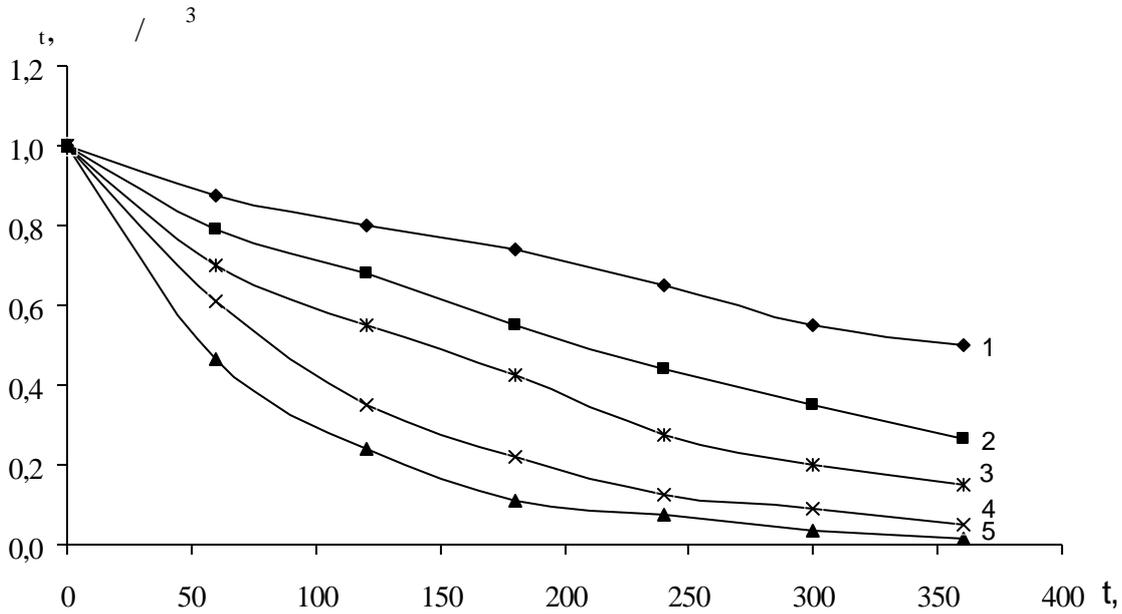
$FeSO_4$.
0,01 / 10^{-3} .
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1 / 10^{-3} .
I 1,7-1,8.

177-88

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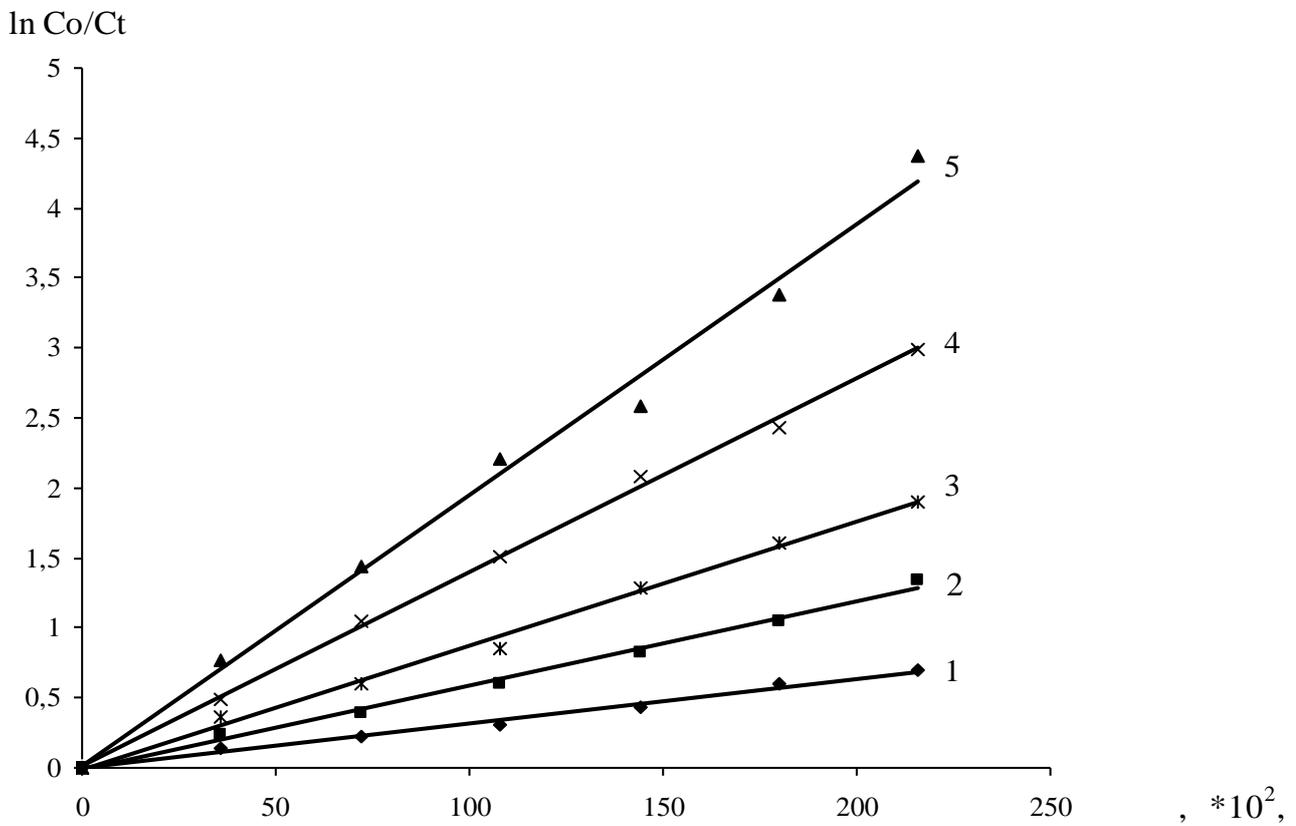
1- Fe Mg; 2-Fe ; 3-Fe; 4-Fe Sr; 5-Fe

(. 2).

[6]:

$$k = \frac{1}{t} \cdot \left(\ln \frac{C_o}{C_t} \right),$$

k – , t –⁻¹; C_o – , C_t – /³;
 – , /³(1,0 /³); – , .



. 2.

: 1 – Fe Mg; 2 – Fe Ca; 3 – Fe; 4 – Fe Sr; 5 – Fe Ba

[7].

Time, min	$\ln(V/V_0)$	Concentration, %	$\ln(V/V_0)$	$k \times 10^5, \text{min}^{-1}$	$k \times 10^5, \text{min}^{-1}$
$[\text{Fe}^{2+}] = 0,01 \text{ mol/l}^3$					
60	0,70	30,00	0,3567	9,9076	8,804±0,189
120	0,55	45,00	0,5978	8,3033	
180	0,42	57,50	0,8557	7,9228	
240	0,27	72,50	1,2910	8,9652	
300	0,20	80,00	1,6094	8,9413	
360	0,15	85,00	1,8971	8,7830	
$[\text{Fe}^{2+}] = 0,01 \text{ mol/l}^3; [\text{Mg}^{2+}] = 0,01 \text{ mol/l}^3$					
60	0,8750	12,50	0,1335	3,7092	3,190±0,083
120	0,8000	20,00	0,2231	3,0992	
180	0,7376	26,24	0,3043	2,8175	
240	0,6509	34,91	0,4294	2,9821	
300	0,5500	45,00	0,5978	3,3213	
360	0,5000	50,00	0,6931	3,2090	
$[\text{Fe}^{2+}] = 0,01 \text{ mol/l}^3; [\text{Ca}^{2+}] = 0,01 \text{ mol/l}^3$					
60	0,7876	21,24	0,2387	6,6307	5,874±0,131
120	0,6800	32,00	0,3857	5,3564	
180	0,5500	45,00	0,5978	5,5355	
240	0,4400	56,00	0,8210	5,7013	
300	0,3500	65,00	1,0498	5,8323	
360	0,2626	73,74	1,3369	6,1896	
$[\text{Fe}^{2+}] = 0,01 \text{ mol/l}^3; [\text{Sr}^{2+}] = 0,01 \text{ mol/l}^3$					
60	0,6100	39,00	0,4943	13,7305	14,028±0,159
120	0,35	65,00	1,0498	14,5809	
180	0,22	78,00	1,5141	14,0197	
240	0,125	87,50	2,0794	14,4406	
300	0,0876	91,24	2,4344	13,5247	
360	0,050	95,00	2,9957	13,8691	
$[\text{Fe}^{2+}] = 0,01 \text{ mol/l}^3; [\text{Ba}^{2+}] = 0,01 \text{ mol/l}^3$					
60	0,4626	53,74	0,7708	21,4109	19,802±0,406
120	0,2376	76,24	1,4370	19,9579	
180	0,1100	89,00	2,2073	20,4377	
240	0,0750	92,50	2,5903	17,9880	
300	0,0340	96,60	3,3814	18,7855	
360	0,0126	98,74	4,3703	20,2330	

$(8,804 \pm 0,189)^{-1}$ Fe^{2+} Mg Sr
 2-2,5 2-2,5

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 . - . ,1982, 254 . 2.
 . - . , 1971, 712 . 3.
 1966, 300 . 4. - . , 1971, 320 .
 5. - . , 1977, 232 .
 6. - . , 1969. 131 .
 7. - . , 1970.

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TiB₂,

TiB₂,

The new area use of glasses is present. It is show that the most outlook method of creature strong glasses is drift cover on the surfaces of glass, in particular from TiB₂. The thickness of layer cover from TiB₂ is defined. Established, that this method can be used for building technology. Thus the optical indexes are a