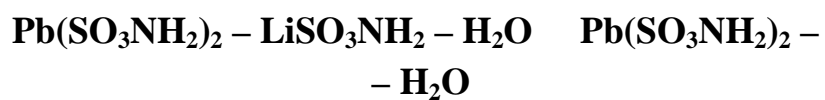


544.352.2

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MgCl₂ – NaCl – H₂O.

The polytherms of freezing of ice of the systems have been calculated using original method, experimentally researched and plotted. Good agreement between the forecast and experiment has been shown also for the handbook data about the field of crystallization of ice of the system MgCl₂ – NaCl – H₂O.

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[1].

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[2, 3]

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[1].

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[4, 5]

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[1].

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[6 – 8].
50 %

$t, ^\circ$,

:

$$t = -0.013823 \cdot y^2 - 0.161 \cdot y - 0.1, \quad (1)$$

y -

LiSO_3NH_2 , % [6].

61.6% .

$$t = -0.012697 \cdot c^2 - 0.0585 \cdot c, \quad (2)$$

t -

, $^\circ$; c -

, % . [7].

[8]

$\text{Pb}(\text{SO}_3\text{NH}_2)_2$ -

59%:

$$t = -1.9659 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot x^3 + 0.011564 \cdot x^2 - 0.2523 \cdot x, \quad (3)$$

t -

, $^\circ$; x -

$\text{Pb}(\text{SO}_3\text{NH}_2)_2$, %.

$$t = t_1 + t_2, \quad (4)$$

t -

, $^\circ$; t_1 , t_2 -

(1) (3)



$$t = -0.013823 \cdot \left(\frac{100 \cdot y}{100 - x}\right)^2 - 0.161 \cdot \frac{100 \cdot y}{100 - x} - 0.1 - 1.9659 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \left(\frac{100 \cdot x}{100 - y}\right)^3 +$$

$$+ 0.011564 \cdot \left(\frac{100 \cdot x}{100 - y}\right)^2 - 0.2523 \cdot \frac{100 \cdot x}{100 - y}.$$

(5)



$$t = -1.9659 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \left(\frac{100 \cdot x}{100 - c}\right)^3 + 0.011564 \cdot \left(\frac{100 \cdot x}{100 - c}\right)^2 - 0.2523 \cdot \frac{100 \cdot x}{100 - c} -$$

$$- 0.012697 \cdot \left(\frac{100 \cdot c}{100 - x}\right)^2 - 0.0585 \cdot \frac{100 \cdot c}{100 - x}.$$

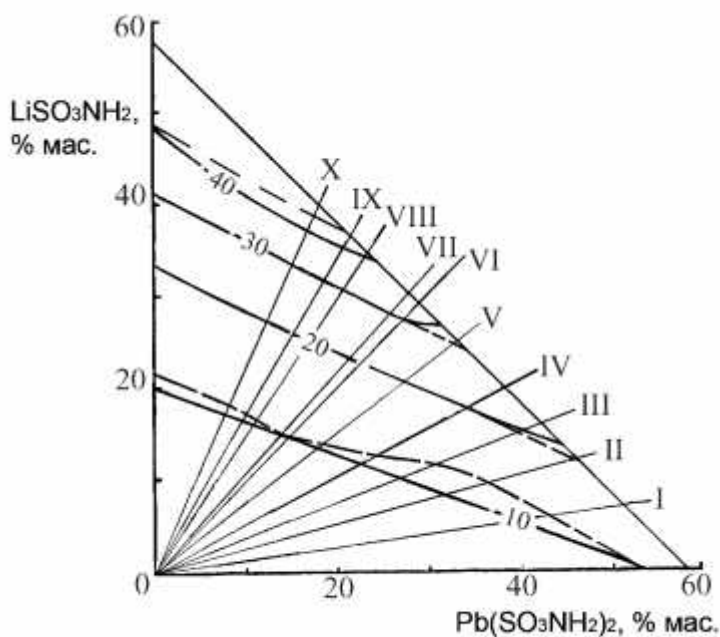
(6)

(5 - 6)

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(5) (1) -

0.1° - (3).

(1).

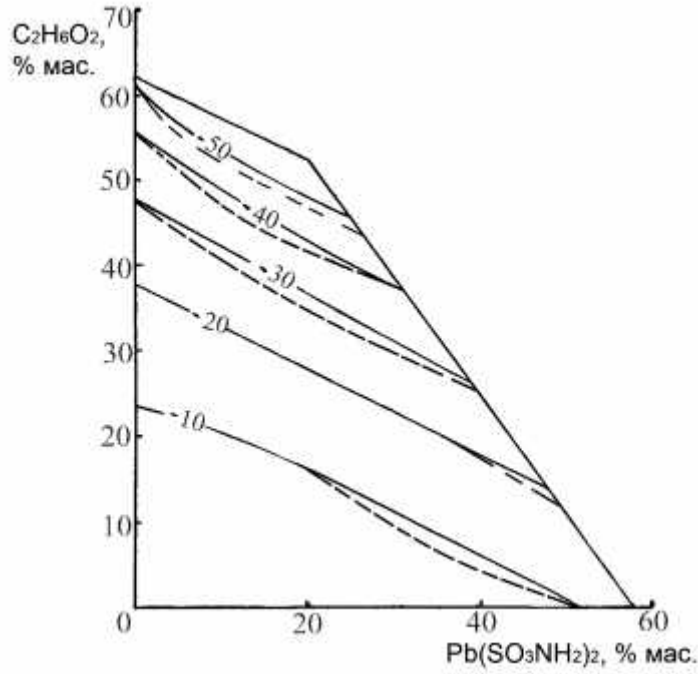


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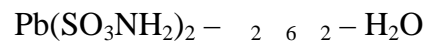


(5)

(6).



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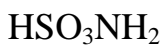
-200,

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10 % . -
 1.2 % . -

0.5 – 1° -

4. -

3 % . -

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 (6) .

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C ₂ H ₆ O ₂ , % .	Pb(SO ₃ NH ₂) ₂ , % .	-t, °C		C ₂ H ₆ O ₂ , % .	Pb(SO ₃ NH ₂) ₂ , % .	-t, °C	
	
20.2	19.8	12.3	11.7	30.2	29.9	28.0	31.2
20.3	30.1	18.0	16.0	30.2	39.7	<u>36.0</u>	47.9
19.7	40.1	22.0	23.9	29.9	49.9	<u>50.5</u>	78.8
20.5	49.8	<u>37.0</u>	42.2	40.1	10.0	27.0	29.7
29.9	19.7	22.1	22.1	39.8	19.9	36.0	37.0
41.0	30.0	<u>44.0</u>	55.8	50.0	10.1	42.5	44.5
41.0	38.9	<u>55.0</u>	84.0	49.9	20.0	55.0	57.1

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MgCl₂ – NaCl – H₂O [9] . 2. -

, (4)

(t, t₁, t₂).

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$$\Delta t = K \cdot \frac{\frac{m_1}{M_1} + \frac{m_2}{M_2}}{m} \cdot 1000 = K \cdot \frac{m_1}{M_1 \cdot m} \cdot 1000 + K \cdot \frac{m_2}{M_2 \cdot m} \cdot 1000 = \Delta t_1 + \Delta t_2, \quad (7)$$

— ; m, m₁ m₂ —

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2

MgCl₂ – NaCl – H₂O

, %		, °	
NaCl	MgCl ₂		
13.7	5.02	- 17	- 15.4
6.13	14.13	- 24	- 22.8
6.45	10.24	- 17	- 15.8

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(4) (7),

MgCl₂ – NaCl – H₂O.

H₂O. MgCl₂ – NaCl –

: 1. , 1997. 308 . **2.** Cui Yuwen, Jin Zhanpeng // Journal Of Alloys And Compaunds. 1999. V. 285. 1-2. . 150 **3.** Chrenkova M., Danielik V., Kubikova B., Danek V. // Calphad, 2003, V. 27. 1. P. 19. **4.** // 1971. . 44. 12. . 2643. **5.** // 1971. . 44. 12. . 2647. **6.** // 1999. . 73. 9. . 1695. **7.** // 1992. . 66. 4. . 836. **8.** // 1990. . 56. 1. . 100. **9.** : , 1964 . 3. . 1005.

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